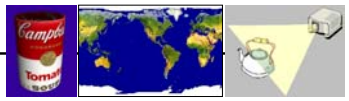
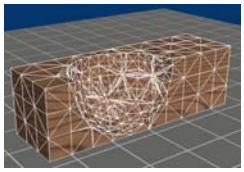
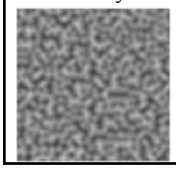
Texture Synthesis

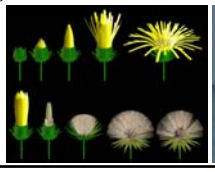
Last Time?

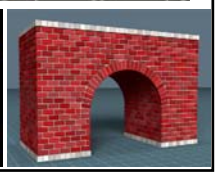


- Texture Mapping
- Solid Texture
- Procedural Textures
  - Perlin Noise
- Procedural Modeling
  - L-Systems







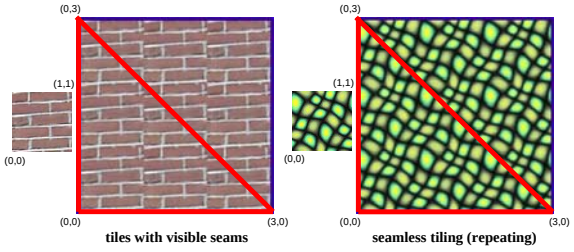


Today

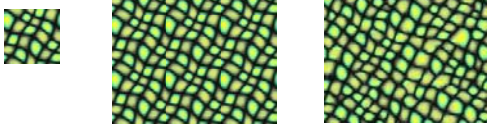
- Texture Tiling
- Texture Synthesis Challenge
- Markov Model
- Constrained Texture Synthesis
- Image Completion
- Wang Tiles for Texture Synthesis
- Volumetric Texture Synthesis

Texture Tiling

- Specify a texture coordinate (u,v) at each vertex
- Canonical texture coordinates (0,0) → (1,1)

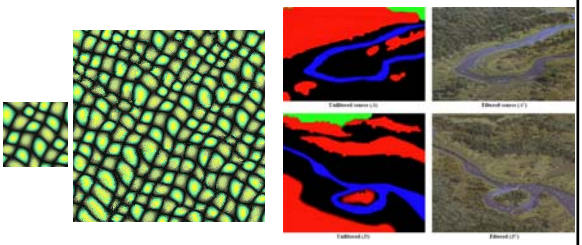


Texture Synthesis Challenge



input tiled synthesis

Readings for Today



Efros & Leung, "Texture Synthesis by Non-parametric Sampling", *ICCV 1999*

"Image Analogies", Hertzmann et al., *SIGGRAPH 2001*

Today

- Texture Tiling
- Texture Synthesis Challenge
- Markov Model
- Constrained Texture Synthesis
- Image Completion
- Wang Tiles for Texture Synthesis
- Volumetric Texture Synthesis

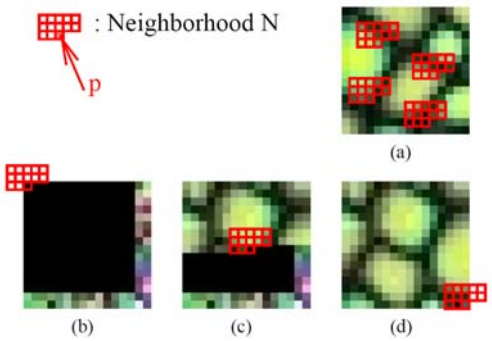
Markov Random Field

- English words and sentences can be modeled as a Markov Random Field:

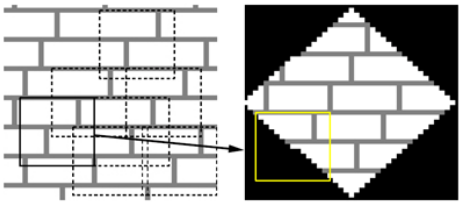
"I spent an interesting evening recently with a grain of salt."

Template

"Fast Texture Synthesis using Tree-structured Vector Quantization", Wei & Levoy, SIGGRAPH 2000.



Alternate Synthesis Order



"Texture Synthesis by Non-parametric Sampling", Efros & Leung, ICCV 1999

Neighborhood Size

Image from Efros & Leung

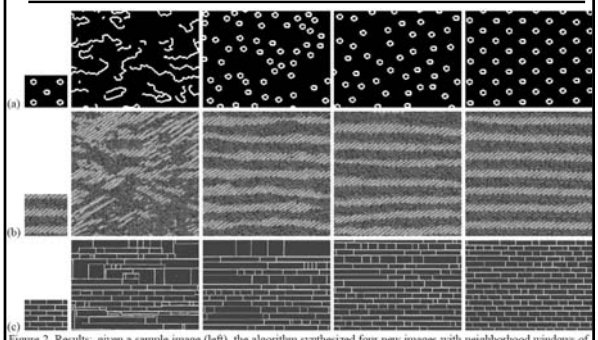
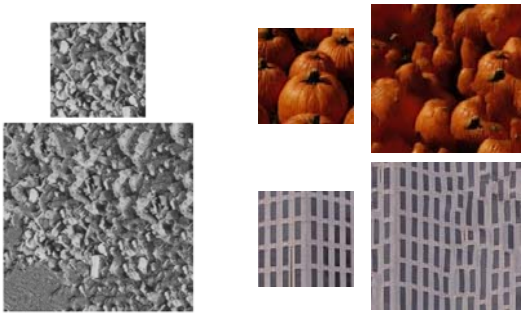


Figure 2. Results: given a sample image (left), the algorithm synthesized four new images with neighborhood windows of width 5, 11, 15, and 23 pixels respectively. Notice how perceptually intuitively the window size corresponds to the degree of randomness in the resulting textures. Input images are: (a) synthetic rings, (b) Brodatz texture D11, (c) brick wall.

Failure Examples



from Efros & Leung

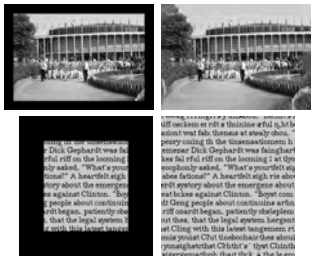
from Wei & Levoy

Questions?

Today

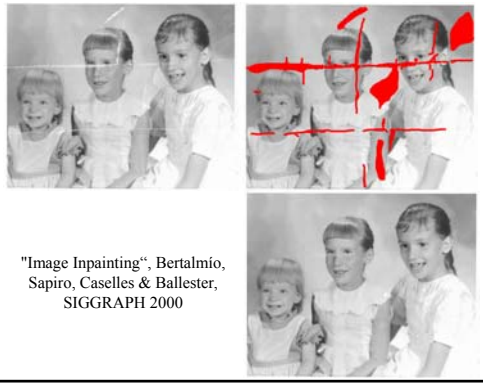
- Texture Tiling
- Texture Synthesis Challenge
- Markov Model
- Constrained Texture Synthesis
- Image Completion
- Wang Tiles for Texture Synthesis
- Volumetric Texture Synthesis

Constrained Texture Synthesis



Examples from Efros & Leung
http://graphics.cs.cmu.edu/people/efros/research/EfrosLeung.html

Image Inpainting



"Image Inpainting", Bertalmío, Sapiro, Caselles & Ballester, SIGGRAPH 2000

Image Completion

"Fragment-based image completion", Drori, Cohen-Or, Yeshurun, SIGGRAPH 2003

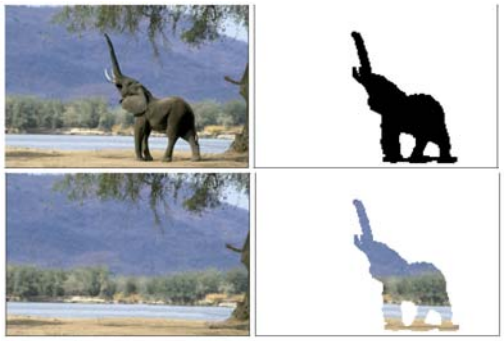
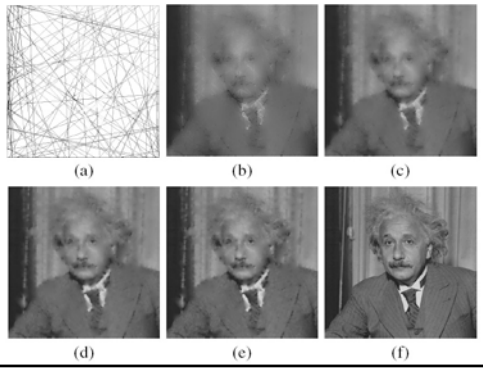


Image Completion

"Fragment-based image completion", Drori, Cohen-Or, Yeshurun, SIGGRAPH 2003

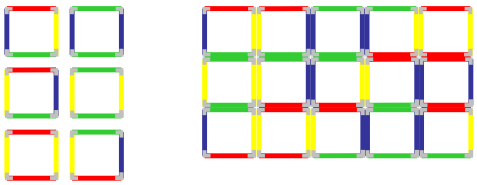


Questions?

Today

- Texture Tiling
- Texture Synthesis Challenge
- Markov Model
- Constrained Texture Synthesis
- Image Completion
- Wang Tiles for Texture Synthesis
- Volumetric Texture Synthesis

Wang Tiles

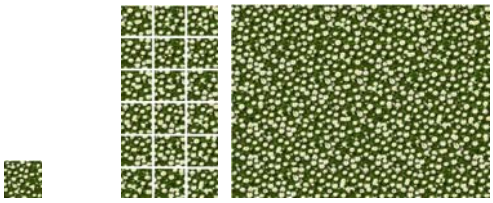


Align tiles to match edge color
to create non-periodic tilings

"Wang Tiles for Image and Texture Generation",
Cohen, Shade, Hiller, Deussen, SIGGRAPH 2003

Wang Tile Texture Synthesis

- As a precomputation, fill the tiles with texture
- Then create infinite amounts of non-periodic texture!



Input texture sample | Automatically generated set of Wang tiles | Synthesized textures using Wang tiling

"Wang Tiles for Image and Texture Generation",
Cohen, Shade, Hiller, Deussen, SIGGRAPH 2003

Questions?

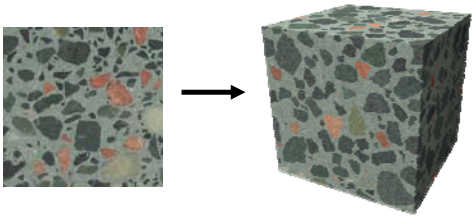
Today

- Texture Tiling
- Texture Synthesis Challenge
- Markov Model
- Constrained Texture Synthesis
- Image Completion
- Wang Tiles for Texture Synthesis
- Volumetric Texture Synthesis

Objective

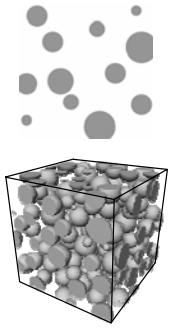
"Stereological Techniques for Solid Textures"
Jagnow, Dorsey, & Rushmeier, SIGGRAPH 2004

Given a 2D slice through an aggregate material, create a 3D volume with a comparable appearance.



Slide from Rob Jagnow

Recovering Sphere Distributions



N_A = Profile density
(number of circles per unit area)

N_V = Particle density
(number of spheres per unit volume)

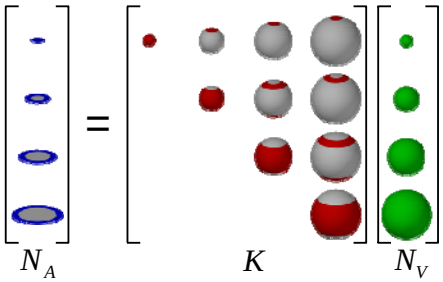
$\overline{H}$ = Mean caliper particle diameter

The fundamental relationship of stereology:

$$N_A = \overline{H} N_V$$

Slide from Rob Jagnow

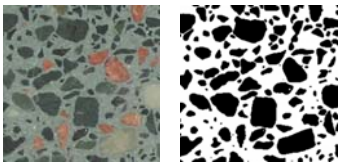
Recovering Sphere Distributions



Slide from Rob Jagnow

Profile Statistics

Segment input image to obtain profile densities N_A.



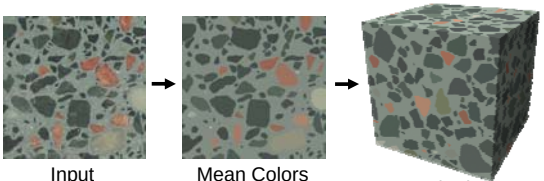
Input Segmentation

Bin profiles according to their area, $\sqrt{A / A_{\max}}$

Slide from Rob Jagnow

Recovering Color

Select mean particle colors from segmented regions in the input image

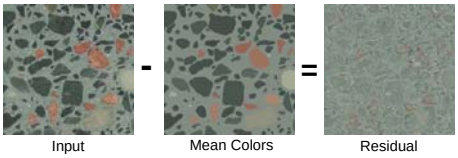


Input Mean Colors Synthetic Volume

Slide from Rob Jagnow

Recovering Noise

How can we replicate the noisy appearance of the input?



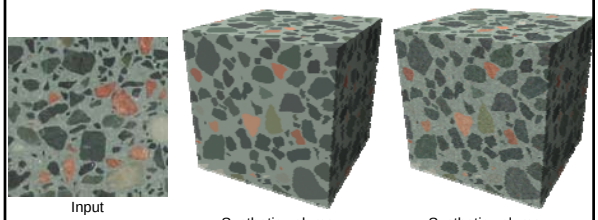
Input Mean Colors Residual

The noise residual is less structured and responds well to Heeger & Bergen's method

Synthesized Residual

Slide from Rob Jagnow

Putting It All Together



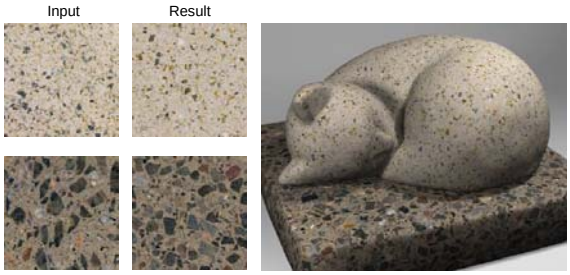
Input

Synthetic volume without noise

Synthetic volume with noise

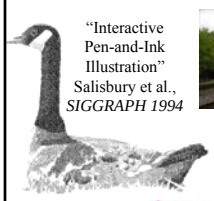
Slide from Rob Jagnow

Results



Slide from Rob Jagnow

Readings for Friday(4/13):



"Interactive Pen-and-Ink Illustration" Salisbury et al., *SIGGRAPH 1994*

Hoiem, Efros, and Hebert, "Automatic Photo Pop-up", *SIGGRAPH 2005*

"Making Papercraft Toys from Meshes using Strip-based Approximate Unfolding", Mitani & Suzuki, *SIGGRAPH 2004*

Rest of Term

- Friday April 13th: Last Lecture
- Tuesday April 17th: Quiz 2
- Friday April 20th: Lecture cancelled
  Office hours, noon-3pm (MRC 309A)
  - Pick up your quizzes
  - Ask questions about final projects
- Tuesday April 24th,
  Friday April 27th, &
  Tuesday May 1st: Final Presentations

Final Presentation Schedule

Tues. April 24	Fri. April 27	Tues. May 1
1. Eric & Juda	1. Brandon	1. Avi
2. Aaron & Chris	2. Cameron	2. Rylan
3. Jake	3. Dan W.	3. Max
4. Gabe & Matt	4. Zhongyi	4. Michael
	5. Justin	5. Matt
	6. George	6. Tim
	7. Casey	7. Dan T.

15 minutes each (including setup & questions), 25 minutes for team of 2