CSCI-1200 Data Structures — Fall 2015 Lab 5 — Vec Implementation

This lab explores our implementation of the STL vector class. Please download:

http://www.cs.rpi.edu/academics/courses/fall15/csci1200/labs/05_vectors/vec.h http://www.cs.rpi.edu/academics/courses/fall15/csci1200/labs/05_vectors/test_vec.cpp

Checkpoint 1

Write a templated non-member function named remove_matching_elements that takes in two arguments, a vector of type Vec<T> and an element of type T, and returns size_type (an unsigned integer), indicating the number of elements that matched the argument and were successfully removed from the vector. The order of the other elements should stay the same. For example, if v, a Vec<int> object contains 6 elements: 11 22 33 11 55 22 and you call remove_matching_elements(v,11), that call should return 2, and v should now contain: 22 33 55 22.

Add several test cases to $test_vec.cpp$ to show that the function works as expected. What is the order notation of your solution in terms of n the size of the vector, and e the number of occurences of the input element in the vector?

To complete this checkpoint, show a TA your debugged solution for remove_matching_elements and be prepared to discuss the order notation of the function.

Checkpoint 2

Add a print member function to Vec to aid in debugging. (Note, neither remove_matching_elements nor print are not part of the STL standard for vector). You should print the current information stored in the variables m_alloc, m_size, and m_data. Use the print function to confirm your remove_matching_elements function is debugged. Also, write a test case that calls push_back many, many times (hint, use a for loop!) and observe how infrequently re-allocation of the m_data array is necessary.

To verify your code does not contain memory errors or memory leaks, use Valgrind and/or Dr. Memory on your local machine – see instructions on the course webpage: Memory Debugging. Also, submit your code to the homework server (in the practice space for lab 5), which is configured to run the memory debuggers for this exercise. To verify that you understand the output from Valgrind and/or Dr. Memory, temporarily add a simple bug into your implementation to cause a memory error or memory leak.

To complete this checkpoint, show a TA your tested & debugged program. Be prepared to discuss the Valgrind and/or Dr. Memory output (with and without memory errors and memory leaks).