CSCI-1200 Data Structures — Fall 2022 Lab 4 — Vec Implementation

Checkpoint 1

estimate: 30-45 minutes

Checkpoint 1 (Diagramming Dynamic Memory) is a pencil-and-paper 3-4 person group activity and will be available at the start of Wednesday's lab.

Checkpoints 2 and 3 explore our implementation from lecture of the STL vector class. Please download:

http://www.cs.rpi.edu/academics/courses/fall22/csci1200/labs/04_vec_implementation/vec.h http://www.cs.rpi.edu/academics/courses/fall22/csci1200/labs/04_vec_implementation/test_vec.cpp

Checkpoint 2

estimate: 10-25 minutes

Write a templated non-member function remove_matching_elements that takes in two arguments, a Vec<T> and an element of type T, and returns the number of elements that matched the argument and were successfully removed from the vector. The order of the other elements should stay the same. For example, if v, a Vec<int> object contains 6 elements: 11 22 33 11 55 22 and you call remove_matching_elements(v,11), that call should return 2, and v should now contain: 22 33 55 22.

Add several test cases to test_vec.cpp to show that the function works as expected. Think about the efficiency of your solution relative to the size of the vector, and the number of occurrences of the input element in the vector. Make sure that the function is not unnecessarily wasteful of CPU or memory resources.

NOTE: Your implementation should use the subscript ([]) operator and the resize() function. It should not use iterators or the erase function that is part of the full STL vector implementation. We will cover that function in lecture soon. Your implementation should not create a new Vec object or use an additional array or STL vector as a helper structure.

To complete this checkpoint, show a TA your debugged solution for remove_matching_elements and be prepared to discuss the efficiency of the function.

Checkpoint 3

estimate: 20-40 minutes

Add a public print member function to Vec to aid in debugging. (Note, neither remove_matching_elements nor print are not part of the STL standard for vector). You should print the current information stored in the variables m_alloc, m_size, and m_data. Use the print function to confirm your remove_matching_elements function is debugged. Also, write a test case that calls push_back many, many times (hint, use a for loop!) and observe how infrequently re-allocation of the m_data array is necessary.

To verify your code does not contain memory errors or memory leaks, use Valgrind and/or Dr. Memory on your local machine – see instructions on the course webpage: Memory Debugging.

Also, submit your code to the homework server (in the practice space for lab 4), which is configured to run the memory debuggers for this exercise. To verify that you understand the output from Valgrind and/or Dr. Memory, temporarily add a simple bug into your implementation to cause a memory error or memory leak.

IMPORTANT NOTE: If you have a newer Mac laptop with the M1/M2 ARM chip, you will not be able to run the memory debugger on your laptop. Use Submitty to debug. We will let you use this Lab 4 practice gradeable as a workaround to run the memory debugger for your homework assignments.

To complete this checkpoint, show a TA your tested & debugged program. Be prepared to demo and discuss the Valgrind and/or Dr. Memory output: with and without memory errors and memory leaks *AND*

on your local machine and on the homework server.