Computational Photography

End of Semester

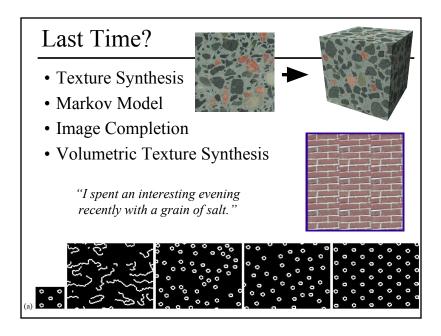
- Today is the last lecture!
- · Quiz on Friday
 - Sample problems are posted on course website
- Final Project Presentations
 - Attendance mandatory (please don't be late!)
 - No laptops/phones/etc. allowed during your classmates' presentations
 - You will be giving each other written feedback & peer grade
 - Ask good questions (participation grade)
- Presentation 10pts (peers)
- Project Report 20pts (instructor)

Final Presentation

- Summarize prior work as necessary
 - You don't need to discuss papers we covered in class
- Be technical:
 - What were the challenges?
 - How did you solve them?
- Live demo / video / lots of images (depends on project)
 - Use plenty of examples (both of success & failure)
- Teams of 2:
 - Both should present & make it clear who did what
- Practice! & time yourself!
 - We have a tight schedule
 - I will stop you midsentence if you run over

Final Presentation Schedule

Tue Apr 25	Fri Apr 28	Tues May 2
2:10 Sam & Lars	2:00 Tim & Khabane	2:00 Alec & Evan
2:34 Stephan 2:46 Yihao &	2:24 Andrea & Isabella	2:24 Tom & Alvin
Lisheng	2:48 Stephanie	2:48 Sam &
3:10 Nate &	3:00 Uyen &	Ian
Greg	Jason	3:12 Haoxin &
3:34 done!	3:24 Stephen W. &	Brandon
	Nickolas	3:36 Toshi &
	3:48 Asher	Nicholas
10 min (individual)	4:00 Eugene & Andrew	4:00 Helen & Zefanya
+2 min questions/setup 20 min (team of 2) +4 min questions/setup	4:24 Zhiyang & Sensen	4:24 Anthony & Phil
	4:48 done!	4:48 done!



Reading for Today

- Coarse to fine completion
- Confidence & traversal order
- Search for best match over different scales, rotations, & resolutions (texture frequency)
- Compositing fragments

"Fragment-based image completion", Drori, Cohen-Or, Yeshurun, SIGGRAPH 2003





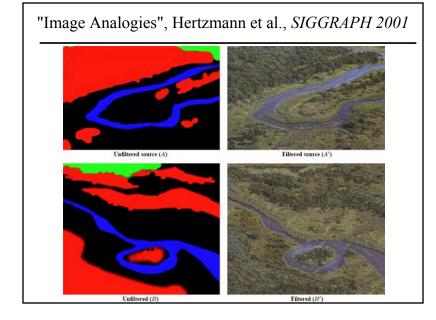


Reading for Today

• "Environment Matting and Compositing" Zongker, Werner, Curless, & Salesin, SIGGRAPH 1999







Today

- Structure From Motion
- Multi-viewpoint Rendering
- Matting & Compositing
- Helmholtz Reciprocity
- Light Fields

Structure From Motion

- Input: Sequence of frames (e.g., video) of a moving object (or moving camera)
- Output: Approximate geometry of object & camera pose for each frame
- How?
 - Automatically detect features in each frame
 - Determine correspondences between features
 - Infer camera calibration & object geometry
- Humans do it all the time... but it's a really hard problem!

Photo Tourism

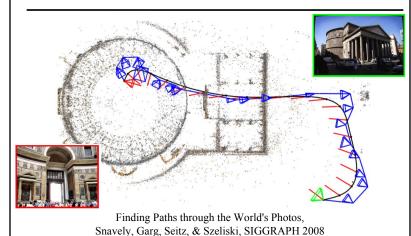
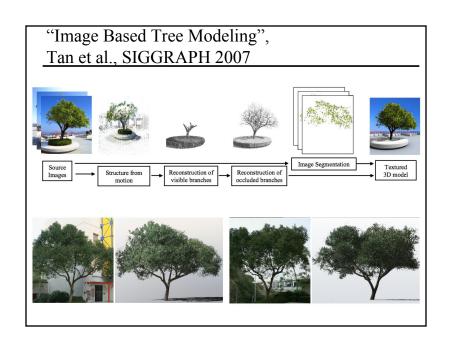
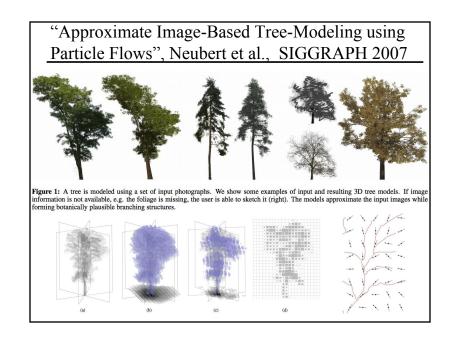


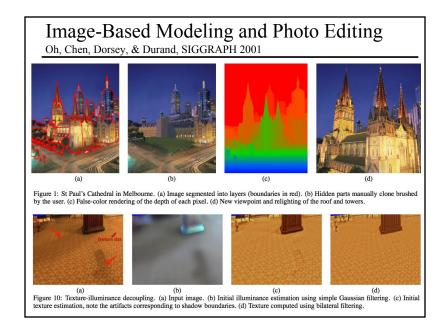
Photo tourism: Exploring photo collections in 3D, Snavely, Seitz, & Szeliski, SIGGRAPH 2006

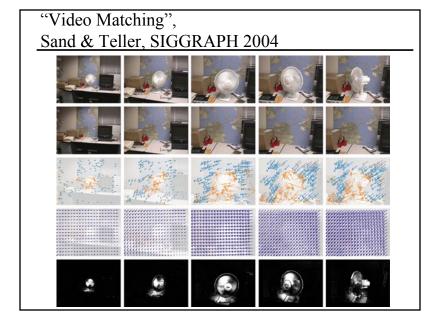
Reading Comments

- Finding Paths through the World's Photos
 - Computer vision + computer graphics
 - SIFT keypoints
 - What if people don't take good photos?
 - Lighting adjustment & removal/separate treatment of foreground would improve the overall quality of the results
 - Resulting video is indeed helpful for exploring / understanding a new 3D enviornment









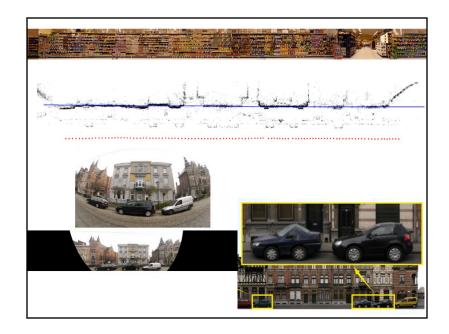
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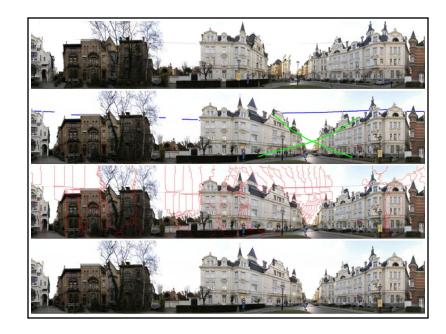
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Multi-Viewpoint Panoramas

"Photographing long scenes with multi-viewpoint panoramas", Agarwala, Agrawala, Cohen, Salesin, & Szeliski, SIGGRAPH 2006







Multi-Viewpoint Panoramas

- Like many non-photorealistic rendering methods, this paper aims to mimic the style of a particular artist or style of art
- Well designed user interface:
 - Most components automated
 - User can adjust dominant plane, view selection, seams, & inpainting







Portrait of a Woman Pablo Picasso

Multi-Perspective Rendering





J. Yu & L. McMillan
"A Framework for Multiperspective Rendering"
Eurographics Symposium on Rendering 2004

Opening Scene from Disney's Pinocchio



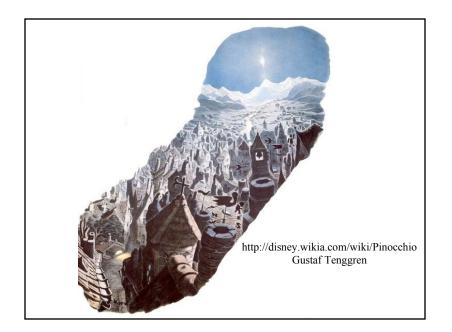


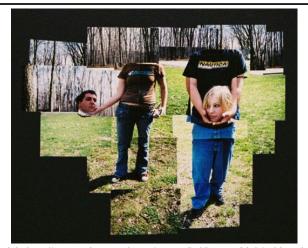
Photo Montage

• David Hockney



http://www.hockneypictures.com/photos/photos_collages_05_large.php

Questions?



Zac Bubnick http://www.princetonol.com/groups/iad/lessons/high/cubismphoto.htm

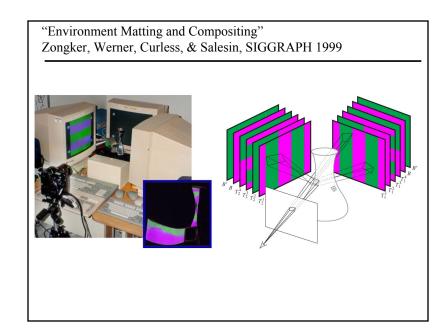
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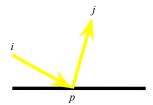


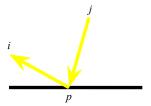
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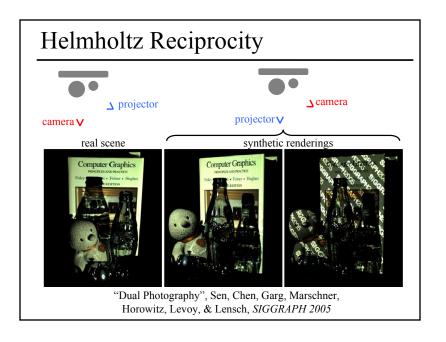
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Helmholtz Reciprocity

• BRDF is symmetric: % of light reflected from direction *i* off surface point *p* to direction *j* is the same as the % of light reflected from direction *j* off surface point *p* to direction *i*







"Dual Photography", Sen, Chen, Garg, Marschner, Horowitz, Levoy, & Lensch, SIGGRAPH 2005

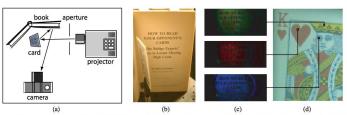


Figure 16: Dual photography with indirect light transport. (a) A projector illuminates the front of a playing card while the camera sees only the back of the card and the diffuse page of the book. An aperture in front of the projector limits the illumination only onto the card. The card was adjusted so that its specular lobe from the projector did not land on the book. Thus, the only light that reached the camera underwent a diffuse bounce at the card and another at the book. (b) Complete camera view under room lighting. The back of the card and the page of the book are visible. It seems impossible to determine the identity of the card from this point of view simply by varying the incident illumination. To acquire the transport matrix, a 3×3 white pixel was scanned by the projector and 5742 images were acquired to produce a dual image of resolution 66×87 . (c) Sample images acquired when the projector scanned the indicated points on the card. The dark level has been subtracted and the images gamma-corrected to amplify the contrast. We see that the diffuse reflection changes depending on the color of the card at the point of illumination. After acquiring the T matrix in this manner, we can reconstruct the floodlit dual image (d). It shows the playing card from the perspective of the projector being indirectly lit by the camera. No contrast enhancement has been applied. Note that the resulting image has been automatically antialiased over the area of each projector pixel.

Light Field Rendering,

Levoy & Hanrahan,

SIGGRAPH 1996

Today

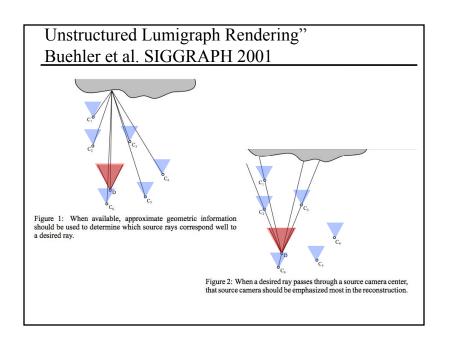
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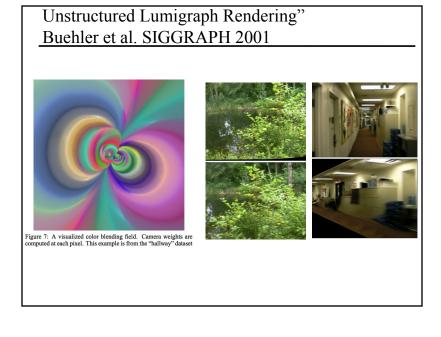
Light Fields V Camera surface C Plenoptic Modeling: An ImageBased Rendering System, McMillan & Bishop, SIGGRAPH 1995

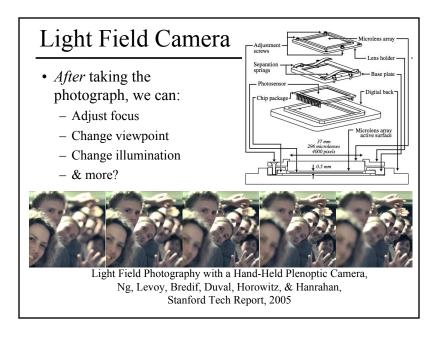
Dynamically reparameterized

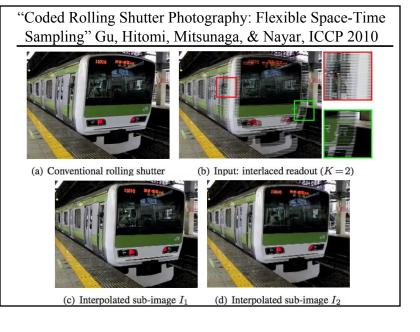
light fields, Isaksen, McMillan,

& Gortler, SIGGRAPH 2000









"Coded Rolling Shutter Photography: Flexible Space-Time Sampling" Gu, Hitomi, Mitsunaga, & Nayar, ICCP 2010

- Global Shutter vs. Rolling Shutter *plus* Coded
- Interlaced vs. Staggered
- Skew Compensation
- High Speed Photography
- Interpolation of High Resolution
- High Dynamic Range
- Adaptive Row-wise Auto Exposure
- Simulation → Prototype Camera Hardware

Yeah! Last lecture!!