

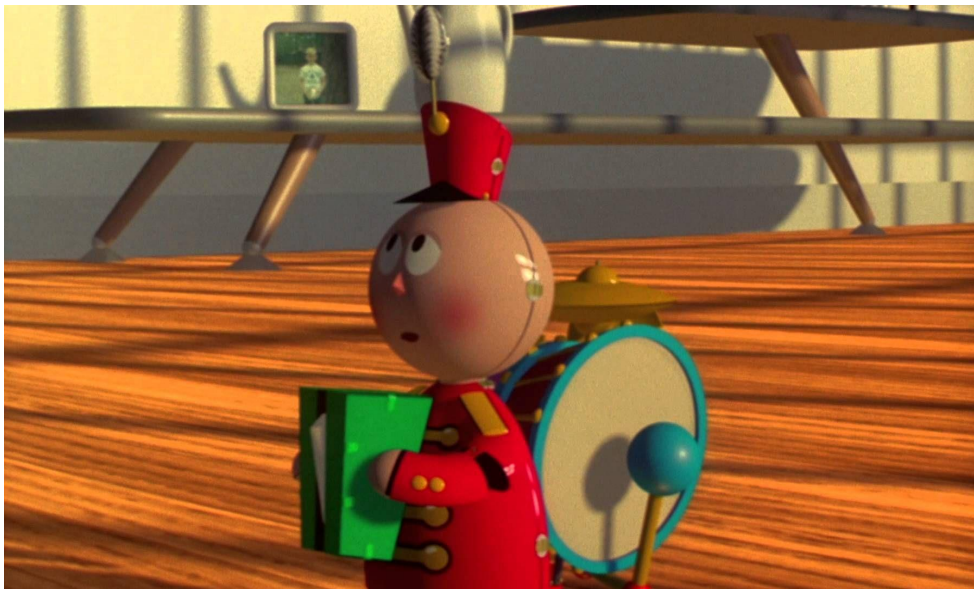
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# Fracture & Tetrahedral Models

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## Tin Toy

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Pixar Animation Studios, 1988

# Tin Toy

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Pixar Animation Studios, 1988

# Acura Bullet

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The Mill, SIGGRAPH 2009

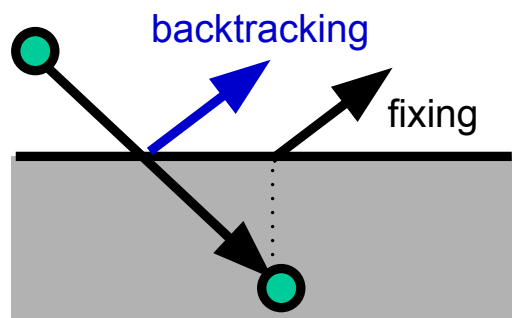
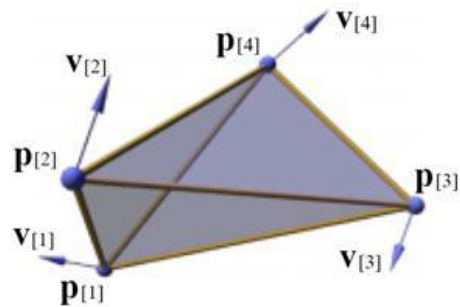
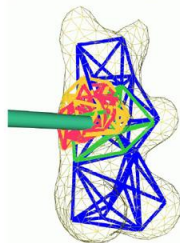
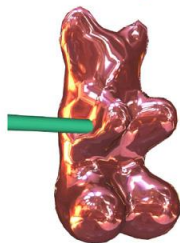
# Acura Bullet



The Mill, SIGGRAPH 2009

## Last Time?

- Rigid Body
- Collision Response
- Finite Element Method
  - Stress/Strain
- Deformation
  - Level of Detail





# Today

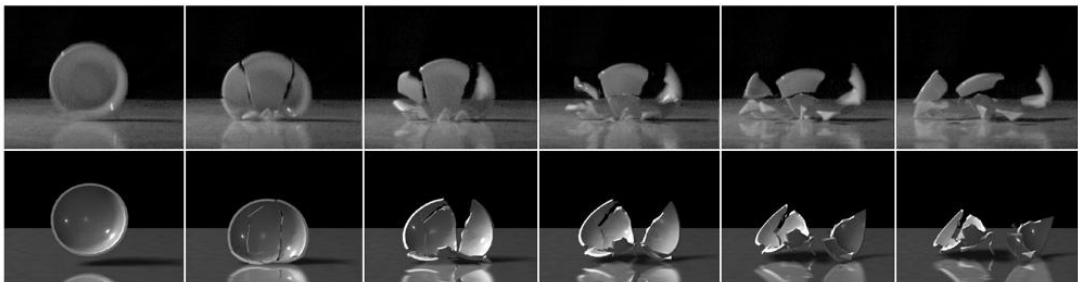
---

- Worksheet
- **Papers for Today**
- Continuing from Last Time...
  - Non-Rigid Objects
  - Finite Element Method
  - Level of Detail
- Useful & Related Term Definitions
- Tetrahedral Element Quality
- Papers for Next Time

# Reading for Today

---

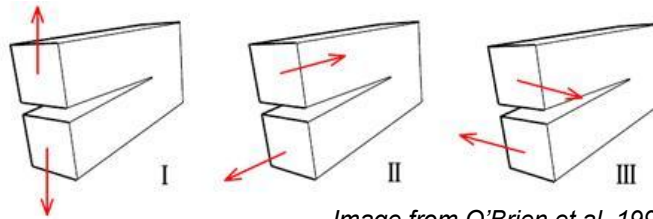
- James O'Brien & Jessica Hodgins "*Graphical Modeling and Animation of Brittle Fracture*" SIGGRAPH 1999.



- Fracture threshold
- Material properties
- Remeshing
  - need connectivity info!
- Parameter tuning

# Fracture Opening Modes

---

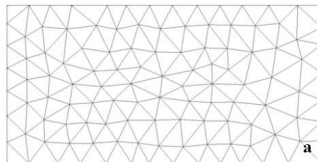
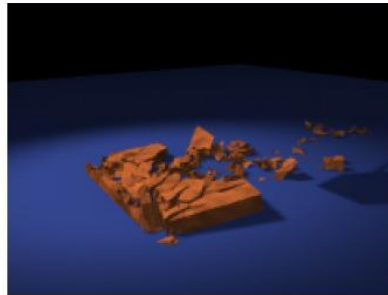
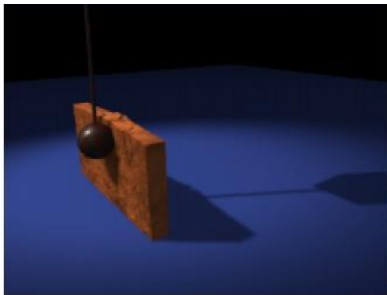


*Image from O'Brien et al. 1999*

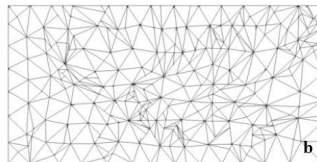
Figure 6: Three loading modes that can be experienced by a crack. Mode I: Opening, Mode II: In-Plane Shear, and Mode III: Out-of-Plane Shear. Adapted from Anderson [1].

# Local Mesh Refinement

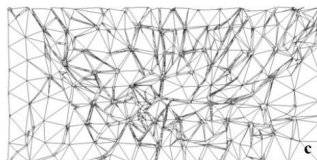
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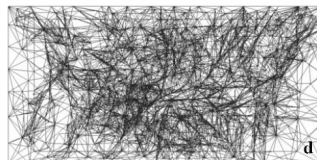
a



b



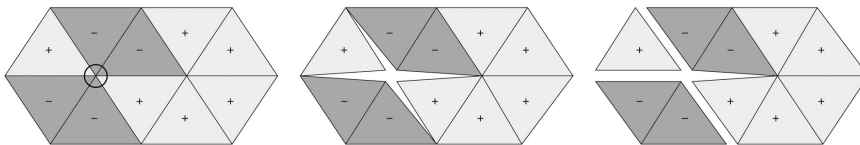
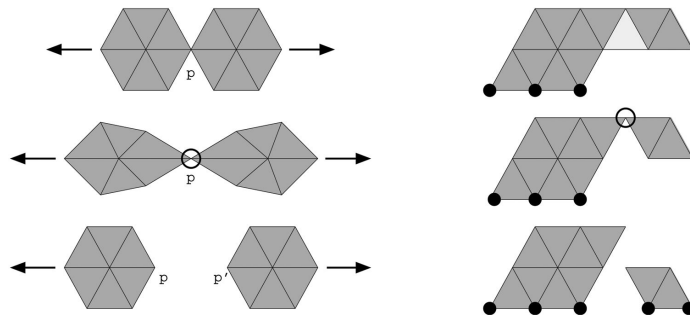
c



d

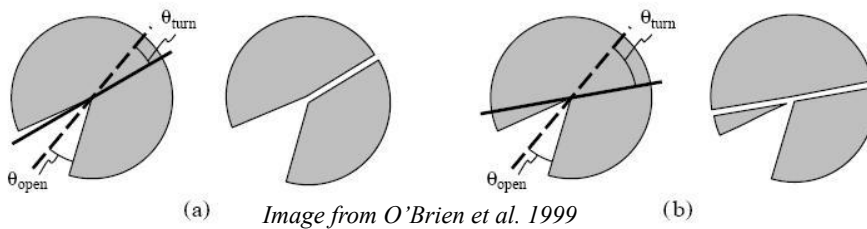
*Images from  
O'Brien et al. 1999*

# Managing Fracture Adjacency

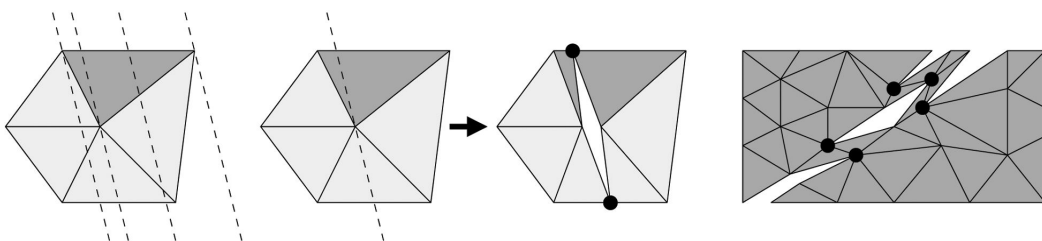


# Fracture Propagation Difficulties

- Need to track direction of fracture

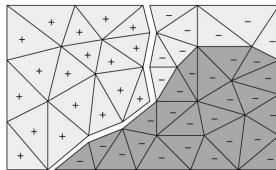
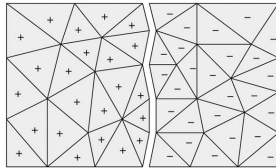
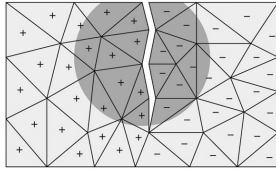


- Need to track crack tip?

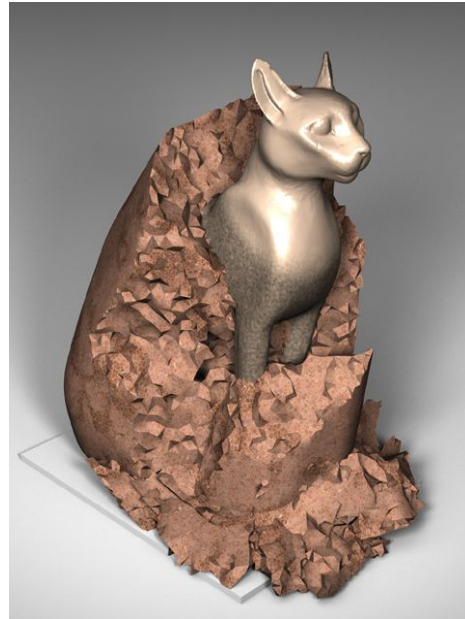


# Controlling Speed of Propagation

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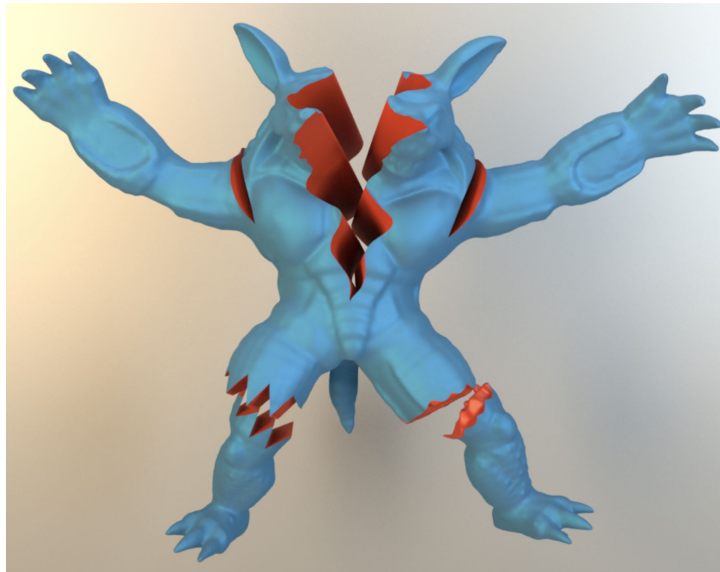


(no remeshing)



# Reading for Today

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“Robust eXtended Finite Elements for Complex Cutting of Deformables”, Koschier, Bender, & Thuerey, SIGGRAPH 2017



# Reading for Today

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“Multi-species simulation of porous sand and water mixtures”,  
Pradhana, Gast, Klar, Fu, Teran, Jiang, and Museth,  
SIGGRAPH 2017.

# Today

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- Worksheet
- Papers for Today
- **Continuing from Last Time...**
  - **Non-Rigid Objects**
  - Finite Element Method
  - Level of Detail
- Useful & Related Term Definitions
- Tetrahedral Element Quality
- Papers for Next Time

# Simulation of Non-Rigid Objects

- We modeled string & cloth using mass-spring systems. Can we do the same?
- Yes...
- But a more physically accurate model uses *volumetric elements*:

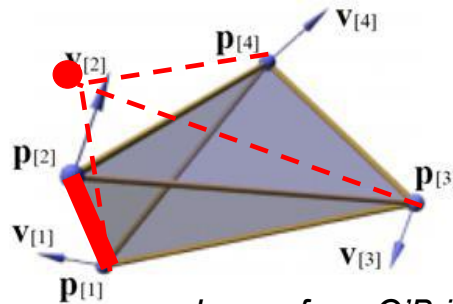
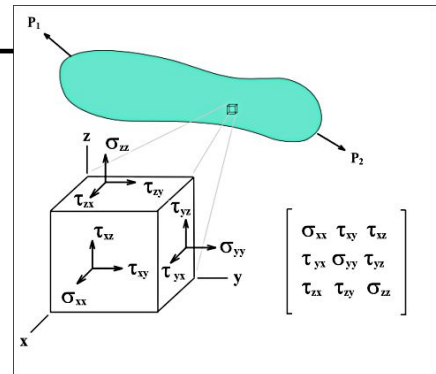


Image from O'Brien et al. 1999

## Strain & Stress

- Stress
  - the internal distribution of forces within a body that balance and react to the loads applied to it
  - *normal stress & shear stress*
- Strain
  - material deformation caused by stress.
  - measured by the change in length of a line or by the change in angle between two lines



[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Stress\\_tensor.png](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Stress_tensor.png)

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta l}{l_0}$$

# Today

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- Worksheet
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  - **Finite Element Method**
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## Finite Element Method

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- To solve the continuous problem (deformation of all points of the object)
  - Discretize the problem
  - Express the interrelationship
  - Solve a big linear system
- More principled than Mass-Spring

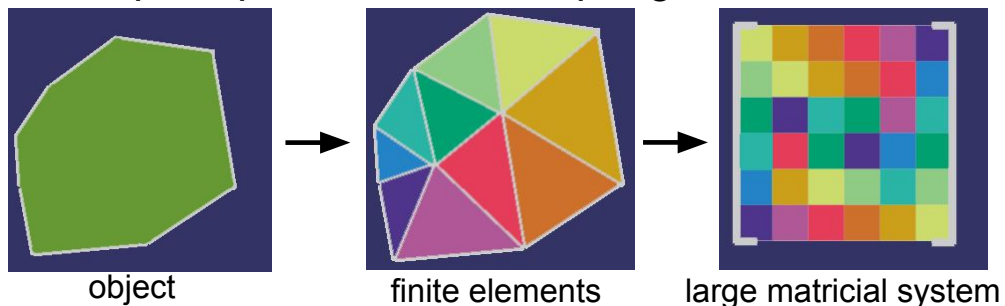


Diagram from Debonne et al. 2001

# Today

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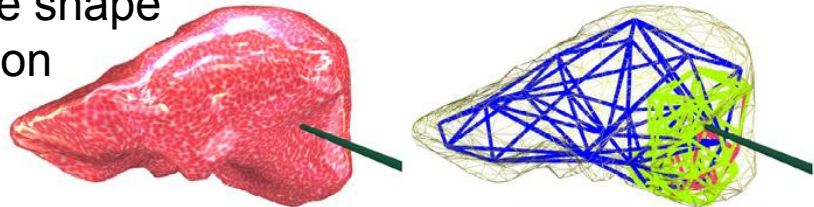
- Worksheet
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  - Non-Rigid Objects
  - Finite Element Method
  - **Level of Detail**
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## Reading for Next Time

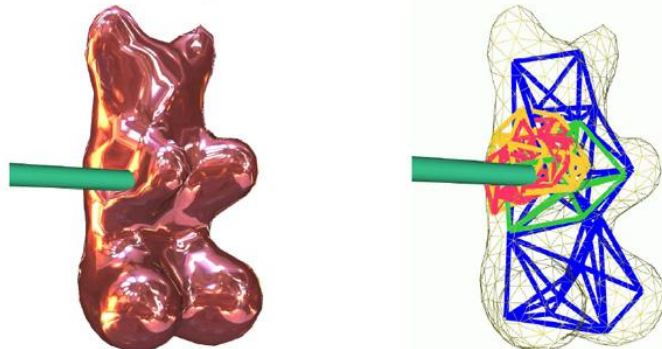
---

Gilles Debunne , Mathieu Desbrun,  
Marie-Paule Cani, & Alan H. Barr  
*Dynamic Real-Time Deformations using  
Space & Time Adaptive Sampling*  
SIGGRAPH 2001

- Level of Detail
- Interactive shape deformation



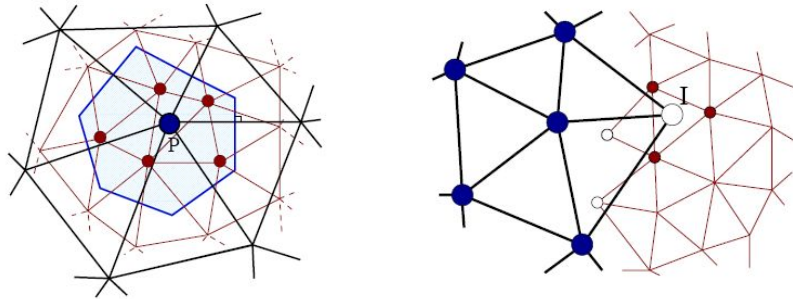
- Use high-resolution model only in areas of extreme deformation



# Multi-Resolution Deformation

---

- Use Voronoi diagrams to match parent & child vertices.
- Interpolate values for inactive interface vertices from active parent/child vertices



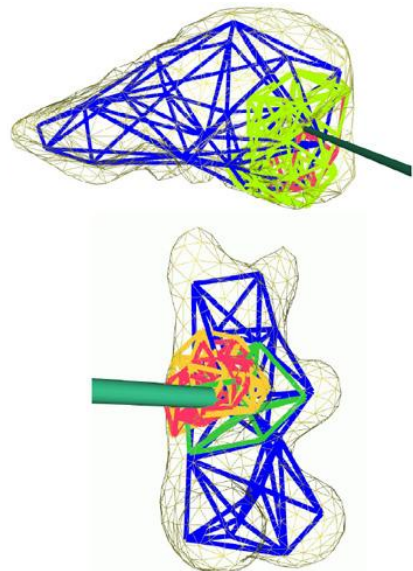
- *Need to avoid interference of vibrations between simulations at different resolutions*

Debunne et al. "Dynamic Real-Time Deformations using Space & Time Adaptive Sampling", 2001

# Pre-computation & Simulation

---

- FEM matrix pre-computed
- Level of detail coupling pre-computed for rest topology
- What to do if connectivity of elements changes?
  - Cloth is cut or torn
  - Surgery simulation



# Today

---

- Worksheet
- Papers for Today
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  - Finite Element Method
  - Level of Detail
- **Useful & Related Term Definitions**
- Tetrahedral Element Quality
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## Misc. Definitions

---

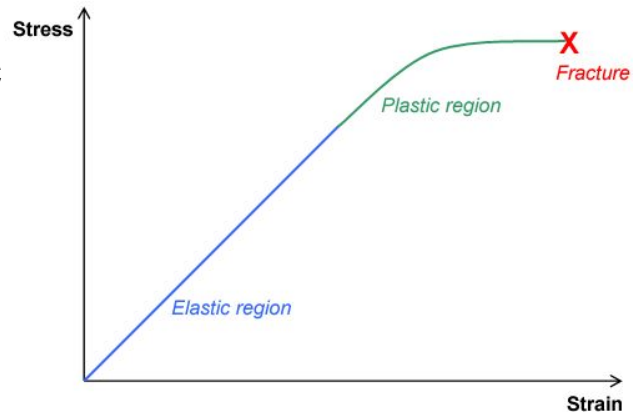
- *Isotropic*: is a property which does not depend on the direction.
- *Anisotropic*: is a property which is directionally dependent.



# Misc. Definitions

---

- *Elastic Deformation*: Once the forces are no longer applied, the object returns to its original shape.
- *Plastic Deformation*: An object in the plastic deformation range will first have undergone elastic deformation, which is reversible, so the object will return part way to its original shape.

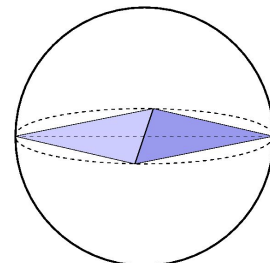
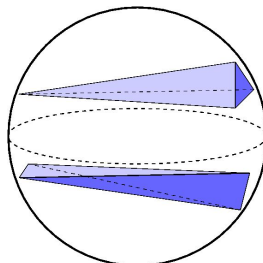
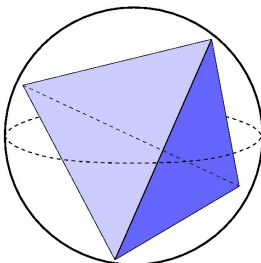


<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image:Stress-strain1.png>

# Misc. Definitions

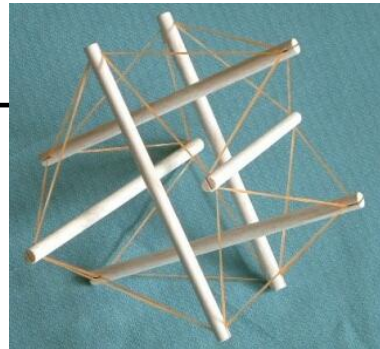
---

- *Degenerate/ill-conditioned Element*:  
a.k.a. how “equilateral” are the elements?
  - Ratio of volume<sup>2</sup> to surface area<sup>3</sup>
  - Smallest *solid* angle
  - Ratio of volume to volume of smallest circumscribed sphere



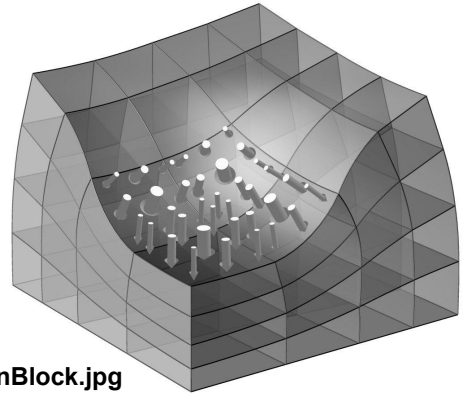
# Misc. Definitions

- *Tension*: The direction of the force of tension is parallel to the string, away from the object exerting the stretching force.



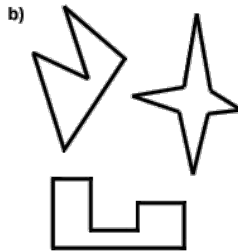
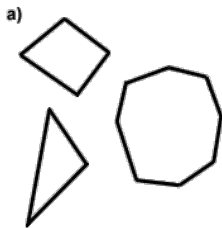
<http://fig.cox.miami.edu/~cmallery/255/255chem/tensegrity.sticks.jpg>

- *Compression*: resulting in reduction of volume

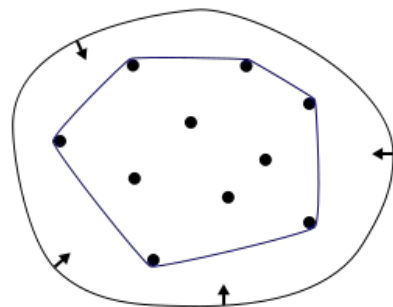


<http://www.aero.polimi.it/~merlini/SolidMechanics-FiniteElasticity/CompressionBlock.jpg>

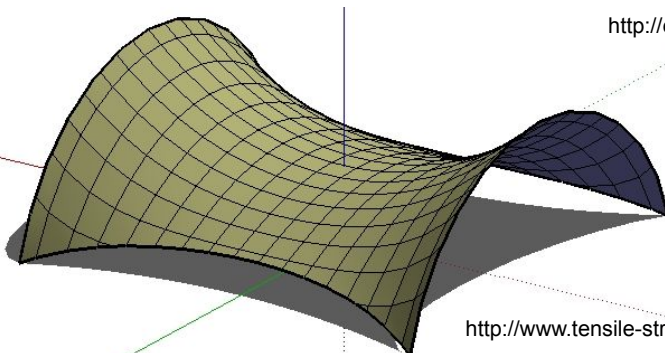
# Convex vs. Non-Convex



<http://img.sparknotes.com/figures/B/b333d91dce2882b2db48b8ad670cd15a/convexconcave.gif>



<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:ConvexHull.svg>



<http://www.tensile-structures.de/Bilder/SaddleSurface.jpg>



# Today

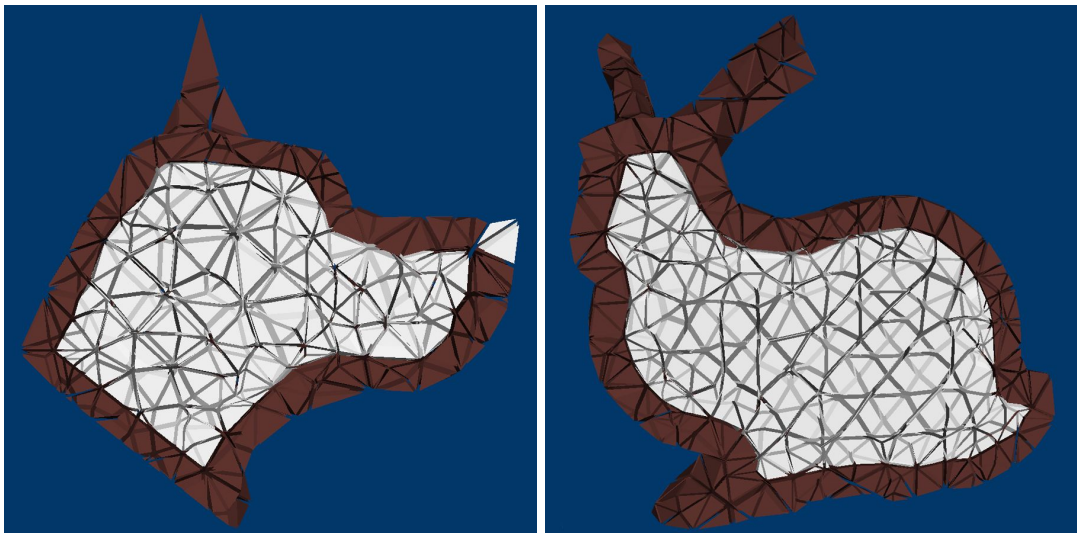
---

- Worksheet
- Papers for Today
- Continuing from Last Time...
  - Non-Rigid Objects
  - Finite Element Method
  - Level of Detail
- Useful & Related Term Definitions
- **Tetrahedral Element Quality**
- Papers for Next Time

## Multiple Materials

---

Mueller, Dorsey, McMillan,  
Jagnow, & Cutler  
*Stable Real-Time Deformations*  
Symposium on Computer  
Animation 2002



# Multiple Materials

---

Mueller, Dorsey, McMillan,  
Jagnow, & Cutler  
*Stable Real-Time Deformations*  
Symposium on Computer  
Animation 2002



# Tree Stump



*Images from Cutler et al. 2002*



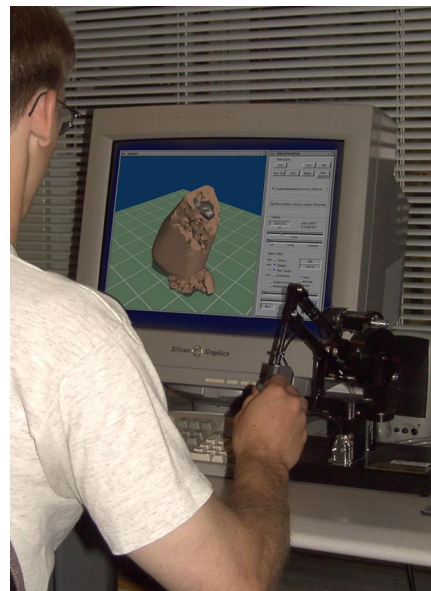
*Image from Cutler et al. 2002*



Image from Cutler et al. 2002

## Haptic Device

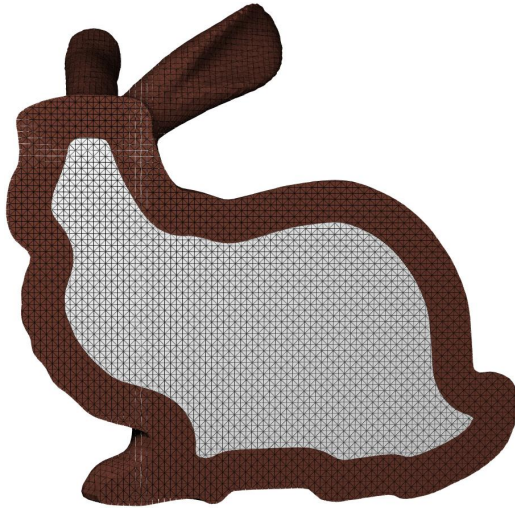
- “3D mouse” + force feedback
- 6 DOF (position & orientation)
- *requires 1000 Hz refresh*  
(visual only requires ~30 Hz)



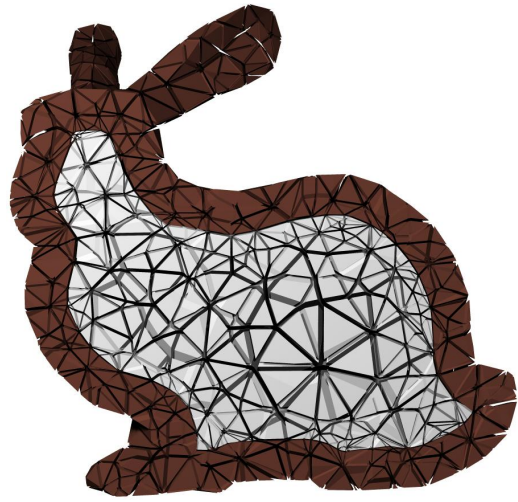
Sensable's Phantom  
<http://www.sensable.com/>

# 3D Mesh Simplification

---



1,050K tetras  
(133K faces)



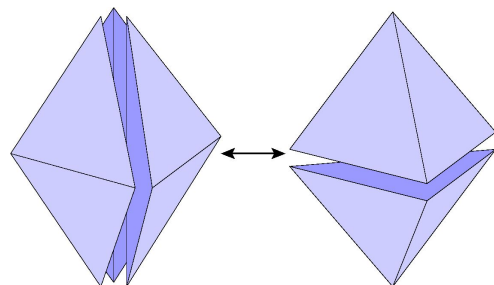
10K tetras  
(3K faces)

# 3D Mesh Operations

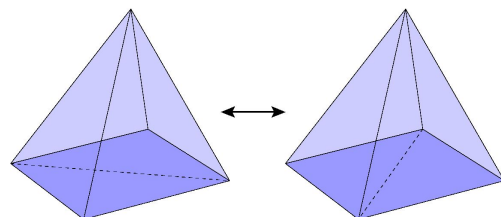
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- **Tetrahedral Swaps**

- Choose the configuration with the best local element shape

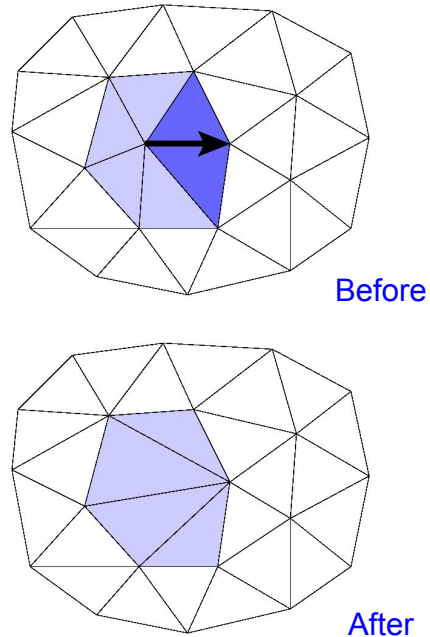


- Edge Collapse
- Vertex Smoothing
- Vertex Addition



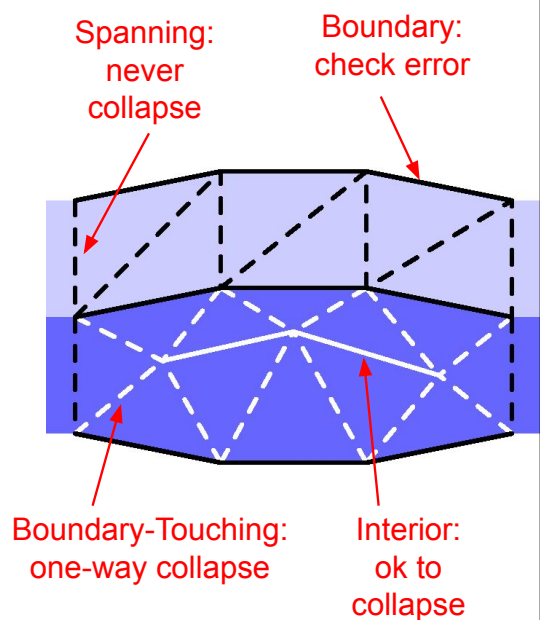
# 3D Mesh Operations

- Tetrahedral Swaps
- **Edge Collapse**
  - Delete a vertex & the elements around the edge
- Vertex Smoothing
- Vertex Addition



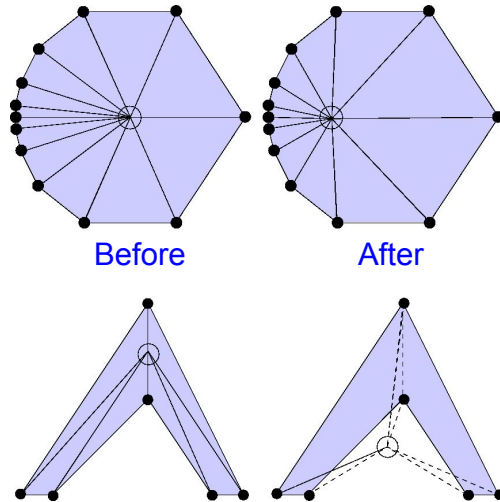
# Prioritizing Edge Collapses

- Preserve topology
  - Thin layers should not pinch together
- Collapse weight
  - Edge length + boundary error
- No negative volumes
- Local element quality does not significantly worsen



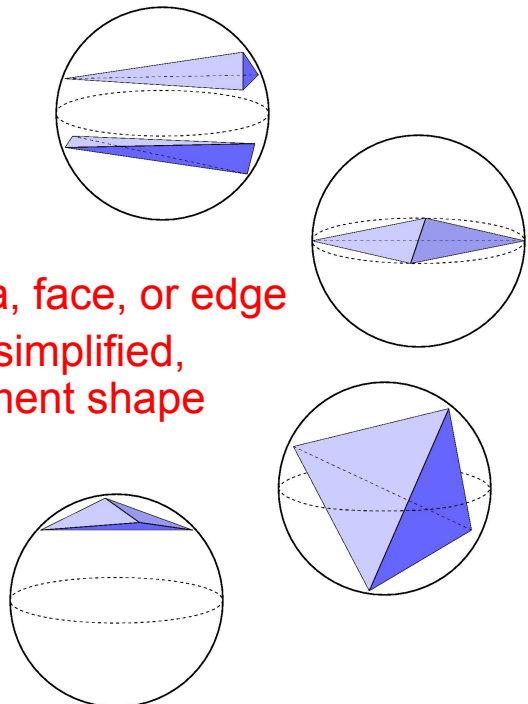
# 3D Mesh Operations

- Tetrahedral Swaps
- Edge Collapse
- **Vertex Smoothing**
  - Move a vertex to the centroid of its neighbors
  - Convex or concave, but avoid negative-volume elements
- Vertex Addition

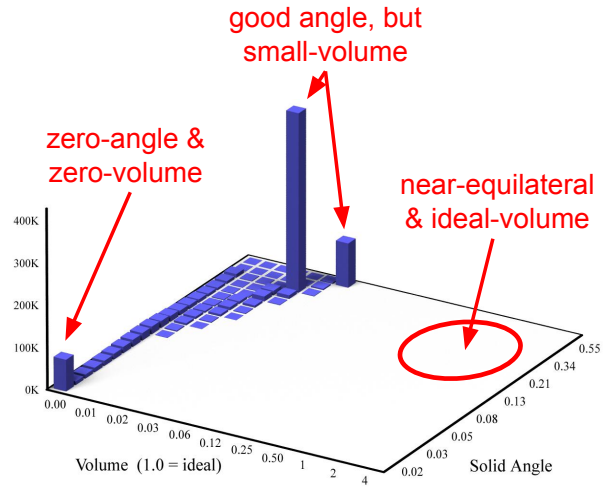
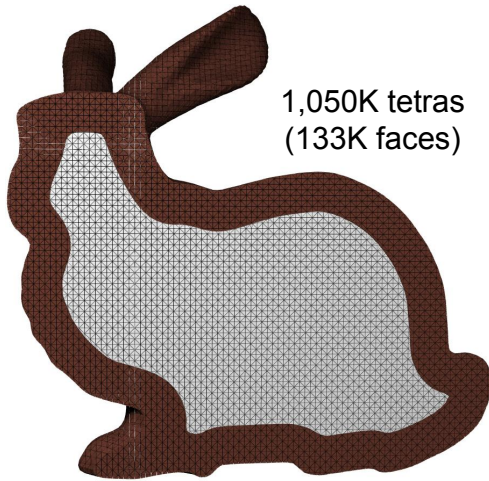


# 3D Mesh Operations

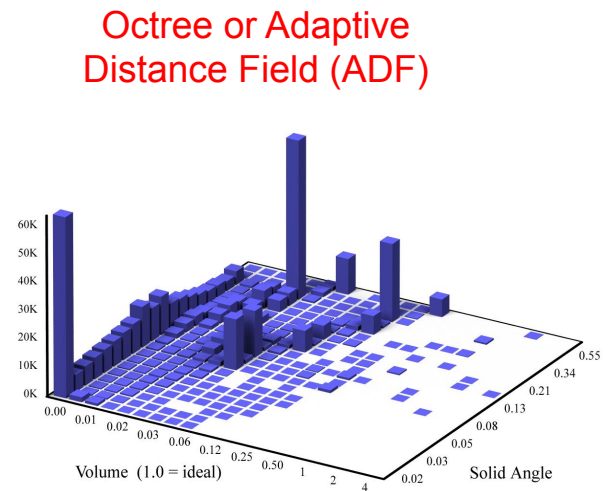
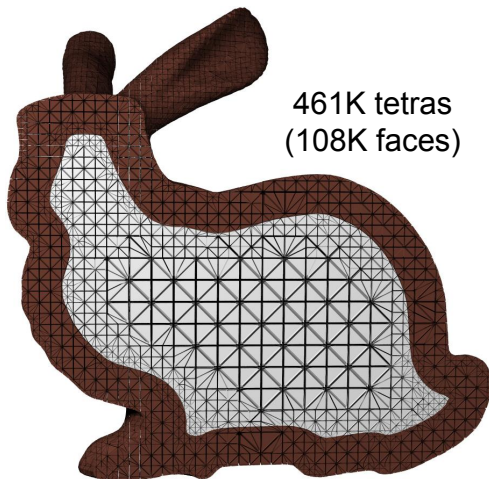
- Tetrahedral Swaps
- Edge Collapse
- Vertex Smoothing
- **Vertex Addition**
  - At the center of a tetra, face, or edge
  - Useful when mesh is simplified, but needs further element shape improvement



# Visualization of Tetrahedra Quality

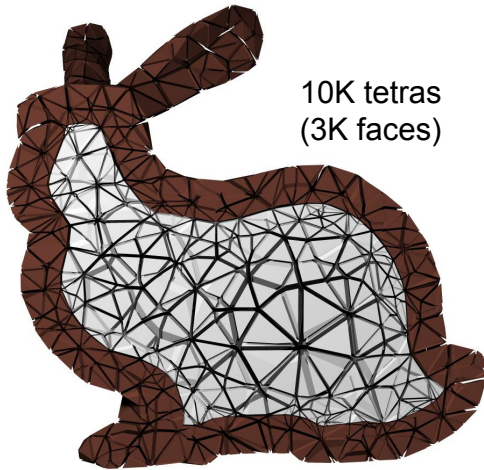


# Visualization of Tetrahedra Quality

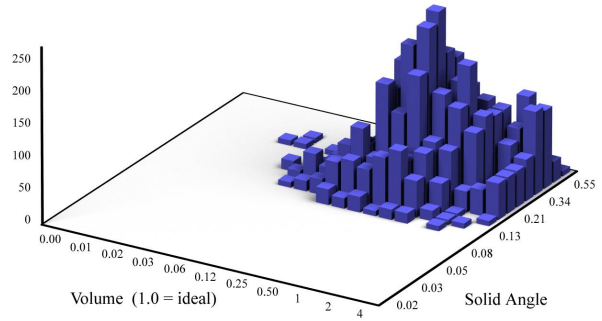




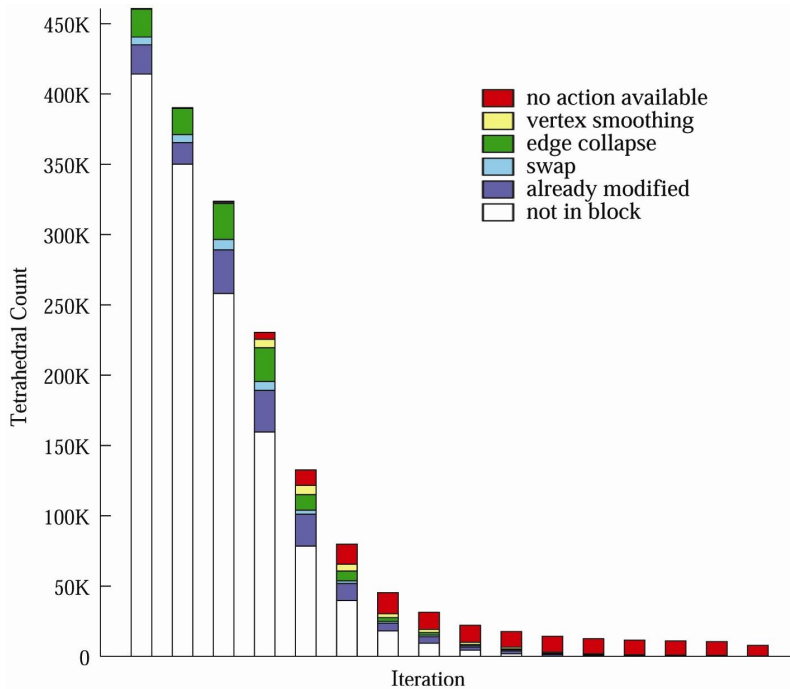
# Visualization of Tetrahedra Quality



After Simplification  
& Mesh Improvement



# Visualization of Simplification Algorithm



# Today

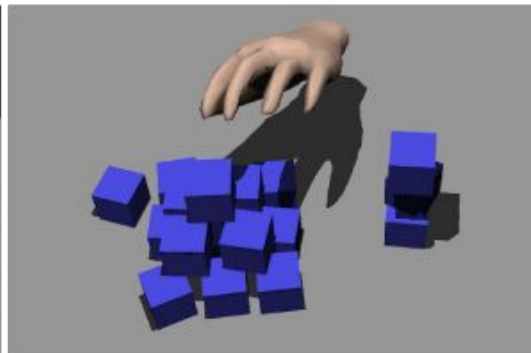
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- Worksheet
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- Papers for Next Time

## Reading for Friday: *(pick one)*

---

- “Real-Time Hand-Tracking with a Color Glove”  
SIGGRAPH 2009,  
Wang & Popović



## Reading for Friday: *(pick one)*

---

“Synthesis of Complex Dynamic Character Motion from Simple Animation”, Liu & Popović, 2002



- Rapid prototyping of realistic character motion *from rough low-quality animations*
- Obey the laws of physics & stay within space of naturally-occurring movements

## Reading for Friday: *(pick one)*

---

“Artist-Directed Dynamics for 2D Animation”, Bai, Kaufman, Liu, & Popović, SIGGRAPH 2016

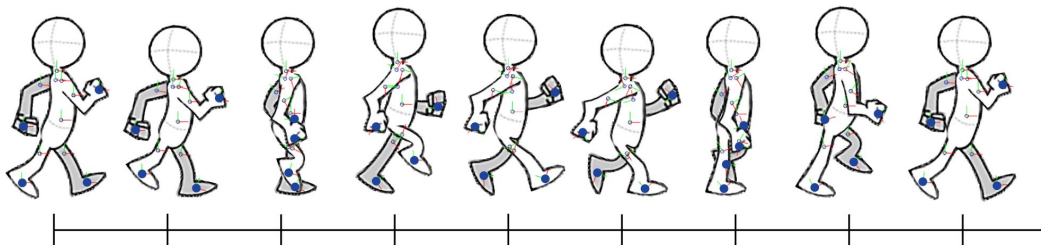


Figure 6: Keyframes used in the articulated character walk example. The artist only specifies keyframes for a subset of handles (handles at hands and feet) which are shown as blue dots. Nine keyframes are used to create a walking cycle. Their timing is visualized by the black lines at the bottom. The artworks are adapted from Angryanimator.com (<http://www.angryanimator.com/>)