## CSCI 4560/6560 Computational Geometry

## Lecture 20: Periodic \& Non-Periodic Tiling

## Outline for Today

- Last Time: Polyominoes \& Tiling
- Zellij - Moroccan/Islamic Mosaic Tilework
- Mashrabiya / Brise Soleil / Kinetic Architecture
- Crystals \& Quasi Crystals
- Irrational Numbers
- Periodic vs. Non-Periodic Tiling
- More Tiling Terminology
- Penrose Non-Periodic Tiling
- Art: M.C. Escher, Crochet, etc.
- Next Time: ?


## What is a Polyomino?

- An n-omino is a set of $n$ cells on a square graph that is connected
is a polyomino

is NOT a polyomino

"Ch 14: Polyominoes", Barequet, Golomb, \& Klarner, Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018


## Translation-Equivalent / Fixed Polyomino

- Only left/right/up/down translation is allowed

- There are 6 unique Fixed 3-ominoes (a.k.a. trominoes):

"Ch 14: Polyominoes", Barequet, Golomb, \& Klarner,
Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018


## Rotation-Equivalent / Chiral Polyomino

- left/right/up/down
translation allowed
- $90^{\circ} / 180^{\circ} / 270^{\circ}$ rotation allowed

- There are 7 unique chiral 4-ominoes (a.k.a. tetrominoes):



## Free Polyomino

- Translation allowed
- Rotation allowed
- Reflection allowed
- There are 12 unique free 5 -ominoes
(a.k.a. pentominoes):

"Ch 14: Polyominoes", Barequet, Golomb, \& Klarner,
Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018


## Counting Fixed, Chiral, and Free Polyominoes

| $c$ <br> fixed <br> translation-only |  | $c$ <br> translation \& rotation <br> (no reflection) | chiral <br>  <br> reflection |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $n$ | $t(n)$ | $r(n)$ | $s(n)$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| 4 | 19 | 7 | 5 |
| 5 | 63 | 18 | 12 |

"Ch 14: Polyominoes", Barequet, Golomb, \& Klarner,
Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018

## Packing Polyominoes

- Can we use the L-tetronimo, and all of its rotations and reflections to pack tile and infinite rectangle of height 3?
- Yes, we can
build the following automaton of all of states:


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## Zellij - Mosaic Tilework

- Traditional Islamic Art, Moroccan architecture, Moorish architecture
- Smooth, colorful, glazed/enamel tiles in a plaster base
- Colors:
- Initially: white, green
- then: yellow, blue, brown,
- later: red
- Geometric motifs
- Avoid depictions of living things



## Zellij - Mosaic Tilework



Moroccan Zellij - Tiles - Marrakesh Tour Guide https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wrQsc5c-w98


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## Mashrabiya

"Modern Mashrabiyas with High-tech Daylight Responsive Systems", El Semary, Attalla, Gawad, 2017

- Similar to a bay window, but enclosed with wooden latticework
- For hot \& dry climates - Blocks direct sun, provides privacy
- Allows ventilation, and basins of water facilitate evaporative cooling



## Modern Commercial Mashrabiya




Now worvisurn

https://urbanalyse.com/research/brise-soleil-study-2/

## Brise Soleil

reduce heat gain by deflecting sunlight

Le Corbusier, 1951-1956


Court Chandigarh, India



## Louvre Abu Dhabi, UAE

## Jean Nouvel

## 2017



## Kinetic Architecture

Al Bahar Towers, Abu Dhabi, UAE Aedas UK, Diar Consult, Arup, 2012


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## Crystal Structure

Originally assumed:

- Must have periodic, translational symmetry

- And that 5-fold, 8-fold symmetry was not allowed
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Translational_symmetry


## Quasi-Crystal

- A nuclear bomb test in 1945 made quasi-crystal, but this was not noticed and confirmed until 2021.
- Unexpected (8-fold \& 10-fold) diffraction patterns
- First investigated \& published in 1980's by Dan Shechtman - eventually won Nobel prize
- Structure is ordered but not periodic
- Fills space (without gaps or overlaps), but lacks translational symmetry
- Properties: non-stick, heat insulating, strong
- Possible Applications: cookware, razor blades, gears, medical prosthesis, solar absorbers, ...



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## Irrational Numbers

- All real numbers that are not rational
- Rational numbers can be expressed as a ratio of 2 integers, e.g. "a/b"
- Examples: pi, sqrt(2), etc.
- Decimal representation does not terminate, and does not end with a repeating sequence

| ¢ | decimal expansion | $\ell_{10}$ | binary expansion | $\ell_{2}$ | \% | decimal expansion | $\ell_{10}$ | \% | decimal expansion | $\ell_{10}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.5 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | $\frac{1}{17}$ | $0 . \overline{0588235294117647}$ | 16 | $\frac{1}{32}$ | 0.03125 | 0 |
| $\frac{1}{3}$ | $0 . \overline{3}$ | 1 | 0.01 | 2 | $\frac{1}{18}$ | 0.05 | 1 | $\frac{1}{33}$ | 0.03 | 2 |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0.25 | 0 | 0.01 | 0 | $\frac{1}{19}$ | $0 . \overline{052631578947368421}$ | 18 | $\frac{1}{34}$ | $0.0 \overline{2941176470588235}$ | 16 |
| $\frac{1}{5}$ | 0.2 | 0 | $0 . \overline{0011}$ | 4 | $\frac{1}{20}$ | 0.05 | 0 | $\frac{1}{35}$ | 0.0285714 | 6 |
| $\frac{1}{6}$ | $0.1 \overline{6}$ | 1 | 0.001 | 2 | $\frac{1}{21}$ | $0 . \overline{047619}$ | 6 | $\frac{1}{36}$ | $0.02 \overline{7}$ | 1 |
| $\frac{1}{7}$ | $0 . \overline{142857}$ | 6 | 0.001 | 3 | $\frac{1}{22}$ | $0.0 \overline{45}$ | 2 | $\frac{1}{37}$ | $0 . \overline{027}$ | 3 |
| $\frac{1}{8}$ | 0.125 | 0 | 0.001 | 0 | $\frac{1}{23}$ | $0 . \overline{0434782608695652173913}$ | 22 | $\frac{1}{38}$ | $0.02 \overline{263157894736842105}$ | 18 |
| $\frac{1}{9}$ | $0 . \overline{1}$ | 1 | $0 . \overline{000111}$ | 6 | $\frac{1}{24}$ | $0.041 \overline{6}$ | 1 | $\frac{1}{39}$ | $0 . \overline{025641}$ | 6 |
| $\frac{1}{10}$ | 0.1 | 0 | 0.00011 | 4 | $\frac{1}{25}$ | 0.04 | 0 | $\frac{1}{40}$ | 0.025 | 0 |
| $\frac{1}{11}$ | $0 . \overline{09}$ | 2 | $0 . \overline{0001011101}$ | 10 | $\frac{1}{26}$ | 0.0384615 | 6 | $\frac{1}{41}$ | $0 . \overline{02439}$ | 5 |
| $\frac{1}{12}$ | $0.08 \overline{3}$ | 1 | $0.00 \overline{01}$ | 2 | $\frac{1}{27}$ | $0 . \overline{037}$ | 3 | $\frac{1}{42}$ | 0.0238095 | 6 |
| $\frac{1}{13}$ | 0.076923 | 6 | $0 . \overline{000100111011}$ | 12 | $\frac{1}{28}$ | $0.03 \overline{571428}$ | 6 | $\frac{1}{43}$ | 0.0023255813953488372093 | 21 |
| $\frac{1}{14}$ | 0.0714285 | 6 | $0.0 \overline{001}$ | 3 | $\frac{1}{29}$ | $0 . \overline{0344827586206896551724137931 ~}$ | 28 | $\frac{1}{44}$ | $0.02 \overline{27}$ | 2 |
| $\frac{1}{15}$ | $0.0 \overline{6}$ | 1 | $0 . \overline{0001}$ | 4 | $\frac{1}{30}$ | $0.0 \overline{3}$ | 1 | $\frac{1}{45}$ | 0.02 | 1 |
| $\frac{1}{16}$ | 0.0625 | 0 | 0.0001 | 0 | $\frac{1}{31}$ | $0 . \overline{032258064516129}$ | 15 | $\frac{1}{46}$ | $0.02 \overline{173913043478260869565}$ | 22 |

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Repeating_decimal
3.14159265358979323846264338327950288419716939937510582097494459230781640628620899 86280348253421170679821480865132823066470938446095505822317253594081284811174502 84102701938521105559644622948954930381964428810975665933446128475648233786783165 27120190914564856692346034861045432664821339360726024914127372458700660631558817 48815209209628292540917153643678925903600113305305488204665213841469519415116094 33057270365759591953092186117381932611793105118548074462379962749567351885752724 89122793818301194912983367336244065664308602139494639522473719070217986094370277 05392171762931767523846748184676694051320005681271452635608277857713427577896091 73637178721468440901224953430146549585371050792279689258923542019956112129021960 86403441815981362977477130996051870721134999999837297804995105973173281609631859 50244594553469083026425223082533446850352619311881710100031378387528865875332083 81420617177669147303598253490428755468731159562863882353787593751957781857780532

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## Wang Tiles / Wang Dominoes

- Square tiles, edges labeled with colors, must be placed without rotation, with matching edges
- In 1961, Hao Wang conjectured that any finite set of tiles that could tile a plane infinitely,
 could be tiled periodically
- In 1966, Robert Berger proved that non-periodic Wang tile sets existed
- In 2015, Emmanuel Jeandel and Michael Rao proved that the smallest non-periodic Wang tile set was 11 tiles w/ 4 colors
- Applications: natural-looking, aperiodic synthesized texture, heightfields, \& more



Align tiles to match edge color to create non-periodic tilings

## Wang Tile Texture Synthesis

- As a precomputation, fill the tiles with texture
- Then create infinite amounts of non-periodic texture!



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## Misc. Mesh/Surface Vocabulary

- Extraordinary Vertex
- Quad mesh: vertices w/ valence $\neq 4$
- Hex mesh: vertices w/ valence $\neq 3$
- Tri mesh: vertices w/ valence $\neq 6$




## Misc. Mesh/Surface Vocabulary

- Extraordinary Vertex
- Quad mesh: vertices w/ valence $\neq 4$
- Hex mesh: vertices w/ valence $\neq 3$
- Tri mesh: vertices w/ valence $\neq 6$

Extraordinary vertices
persist through subdivision!


## Non-Periodic vs. Aperiodic

- Non-Periodic: A tiling which is not translationally symmetric
- A-Periodic: A set of tiles which cannot be tiled periodically

"Ch 3: Tiling", Harriss, Schattschneider, \& Senechal, Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018

Cluster: set of tiles that intersect a shape.

Patch: a cluster for a convex shape.

Example: Image shows 3 clusters, 2 of the clusters are patches.
"Ch 3: Tiling", Harriss, Schattschneider, \& Senechal, Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018


- Monohedral Tiling: Using a single shape to tile the plane
- $r$-Morphic Tile: Can be arranged in $r$ different monohedral tilings

Example: a 3-morphic (trimorphic) tile

"Ch 3: Tiling", Harriss, Schattschneider, \& Senechal,

- Isohedral (tiling): A tiling whose symmetry group acts transitively on its tiles.
- Anisohedral tile: A prototile that admits monohedral tilings but no isohedral tilings.


## Example:

- The prototile admits a unique non-isohedral tiling; the black tiles are each surrounded differently.
- This tiling is periodic.



## $k$-corona of a tile:

The set of all tiles that touch the ( $k-1$ )-corona of the tile

## Example: A 3-corona tile (It cannot be surrounded by a fourth corona.)

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## Penrose Tilings are Non-Periodic

- Discovered in 1974 by Roger Penrose
- Simple rules for which edges are allowed to match other edges
- Multiple variations of a tile sets that can fill a plane, but are non-repeating!


2 Rhomboids


- A labeling or marking of the tiles may be necessary for a specific tileset to be aperiodic.
"Ch 3: Tiling", Harriss, Schattschneider, \& Senechal, Handbook of Discrete and Computational Geometry, 2018
- E.g., Penrose Kite \& Rhombus:



## Penrose Tilings Can be Subdivided

- And conversely, this is how they are proved to be aperiodic!

tL

tR



## Penrose Tilings Can be Subdivided

- And conversely, this is how they are proved to be aperiodic!


https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Penrose_tiling\#/media/File:Penrose_Tiling_(P1_over_P3).svg


## Original Penrose Tile set

Pentagons cannot tile a plane on their own!


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## Pentagonal Penrose Crochet Project

- Develop patterns for the 4 different shapes
- Crochet is not normally 5 -fold symmetric!
- Crochet does not normally use $108^{\circ} / 72^{\circ}$ angles!

https://www.ravelry.com/patterns/library/pentagonal-penrose-throw-blanket



## M.C.Escher https://mcescher.com/



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