## Color... part 1

(some slides from Fredo Durand)

- Reading for Today
- What is Color?
  - Human Perception
  - Color Blindness & Metamerism
- Color Spaces
  - LMS, RGB, XYZ, HSV, L\*a\*b\*, ....
- Reading Choice for Friday
- Color & Projection in Spatially Augmented Reality





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- Color selection is not one size fits all
  - don't always use the same color theme
  - don't always use the default
- Many options in map making programs
  - No guidance about choosing color schemes
  - Don't tell them what to do, but allow them to explore options
- Standard (cartographic) conventions
  - Variations in lightness are interpreted as ordering
  - Dark equals more, light equals smaller values
  - No more than 7 colors in a choropleth map (Legibility vs. information rich tradeoff)
- Just because you can see differences doesn't mean you can correlate color back to legend
- Important to consider borders & backgrounds
- Choose a scheme appropriate for: - sequential, qualitative, or diverging data - Diverging data & color schemes is particularly interesting - Are there more than 12 classes? Would prefer to start with 1 color, then build a scheme around it (like some website color design apps) 3 perceptual dimensions of color are hue, saturation and lightness cartographers seldom use more than seven classes on a choropleth map Idea: Combine colorbrewer.org & "choose the right graph" into one tutorial! Unfortunate undergrad who had to evaluate all 385 schemes usability • User study was not scientific, unsolicited feedback only, possibly biased Paper motivation could be stronger Online tools: https://kuler.adobe.com/ http://www.checkman.io/please/ http://paletton.com/ http://colorbrewer2.org/

- Why are color space conversions not identical? Isn't there a standard?
- Simultaneous Contrast Problem\*\* avoid optical illusion
- Program looks like a(n effective) teaching tool
- Nice emphasis on UI (user interface: how the interface is laid out)/UX (user exerience: how the product feels)
- Gradients vs. flat colors?
- Limited # of colors means data will be compressed away
- Writing Comments
  - Read like a user guide not a paper
  - light on technical details
  - Was a justification of a user interface more than an academic paper?
  - Title: Color vs Colour? Pick one
  - Paper seemed intuitive, frequently states the obvious
- Paper a bit dated, but website is still maintained and is current
- Flash praised... why did it (was it forced to) go away?







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![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

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## Today's Class

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## **Standard Color Spaces**

- Colorimetry: Science of color measurement
- Quantitative measurements of colors are crucial in many industries
  - Television, computers, print, paint, luminaires
- Naive digital work uses a vague notion of RGB
  - Unfortunately, RGB is not precisely defined, and depending on your monitor, you might get something different
- We need a principled color space...

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## Homework Assignment 5: **Experimenting with Color**

- Revisit an earlier assignment/data/toolkit - Make a non-color-related improvement to this visualization
- Prepare many versions of the same visualization experimenting with different color palettes, e.g.:
  - Shades of grey
  - Black & white
  - Cool vs. warm tones
- Colorblind aware - Light vs dark background
- and/or color negation
- Bold/saturated vs. pastel
- Etc. • Analyze the effectiveness of the color scheme for each visualization.
  - How well does it convey the message? Or mislead the viewer?
- Compare the visualizations to each other.

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![](_page_18_Figure_2.jpeg)

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### Related Work: Radiometric Compensation

- Minimize artifacts caused by light modulation with local surface [Bimber et al. 2005; Nayar et al. 2003; Grundhöffer & Bimber 2008]
- Does not consider global light inter-reflection

![](_page_20_Picture_4.jpeg)

Grundhöffer & Bimber 2008

## **Our Problem Statement**

- Known scene geometry
- Known surface reflectances, all ideal diffuse
- Fixed, calibrated projectors
- Given:

Desired target surface appearance (texture) for each physical surface

Solve for:

Projection texture for each physical surface that most faithfully reproduces the desired appearance

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