

## WEEKLY PARTICIPATION 5: THE $\ell_1$ REGULARIZER ENCOURAGES SPARSITY

Consider the problem

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \frac{1}{2}(x-a)^2 + \lambda|x|,$$

where  $\lambda > 0$  is a nonnegative constant. This is a simple example of ordinary least squares with  $\ell_1$ -regularization.

- (1) Argue that this is a convex optimization problem, and it has a unique solution, given any  $a$ . Use our rules for constructing convex functions from simpler ones.
- (2) Let  $s_\lambda(a)$  be the unique solution to this optimization problem, given an  $a$ . State Fermat's optimality condition as concisely as you can, using our rules for subdifferential manipulation.
- (3) Use Fermat's optimality condition to find an expression for  $s_\lambda(a)$ , and draw a cartoon/plot of  $s_\lambda$  as I might in class.