## QUIZ 1: 60 Minutes

## Last Name:

First Name:
RIN:

## Section:

Answer ALL questions.
NO COLLABORATION or electronic devices. Any violations result in an $\mathbf{F}$. NO questions allowed during the test. Interpret and do the best you can.

## GOOD LUCK!

Circle at most one answer per question. 10 points for each correct answer.

You MUST show CORRECT work to get credit.

1. Which set below is the set $S=\{2 k \mid k \in \mathbb{N}\}$ ?

A All even numbers.
B All odd numbers.
C All non-negative even numbers.
D All non-negative odd numbers.
E None of the above.
2. Define sets $A=\{2 k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}, B=\{9 k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ and $C=\{6 k \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. Which is true?

A $A \cap B=C$.
B $A \cap B \subseteq C$.
C $A \cap B=\bar{C}$.
$\mathrm{D} A \cap B \subseteq \bar{C}$.
E None of the above.
3. How many rows are in the truth table of $p \rightarrow(p \vee q)$ ?

A 2 .
B 4 .
C 6 .
D 8 .
E None of the above.
4. True or false, $p \rightarrow(p \vee q)$ ?

A Can be true or false, depending on $p$.
B Can be true or false, depending on $q$.
(C) Always true.

D Always false.
E None of the above.
5. If you majored CS then you took FOCS. Joe took FOCS and Barb majored CS. What else do we know?

A Joe majored CS. We don't know anything more about Barb.
B We don't know anything more about Joe. Barb took FOCS.
C Joe majored CS. And, Barb took FOCS.
D Joe did not major CS. And, Barb took FOCS.
E None of the above.
6. What is the negation of the claim $\forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}: 3 m+6 n \neq 10$ ?

A $\forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}: 3 m+6 n=10$.
B $\forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}: 3 m+6 n \neq 10$.
C $\exists m, n \in \mathbb{N}: 3 m+6 n=10$.
D $\exists m, n \in \mathbb{N}: 3 m+6 n \neq 10$.
E None of the above.
7. Which proof-method is acceptable to prove the claim $p$ ?

A Assume $p$ is true and derive something known to be true, for example $0=0$.
B Assume $\neg p$ is true and derive something known to be true, for example $0=0$.
C Assume $p$ is true and derive something known to be false, for example $1>2$.
$\square$ Assume $\neg p$ is true and derive something known to be false, for example $1>2$.
E None of the above.
8. Consider the claim $\exists m, n \in \mathbb{Z}: 9 m+21 n=7$. Is the claim true or false?

A True.
B False.
C It depends on $m$.
D It depends on $n$.
E None of the above.
9. How do you disprove the claim $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}: \neg P(n) \rightarrow Q(n)$.

A Show that for all $n \in \mathbb{N}, P(n)$ is true and $Q(n)$ is false.
B Show that for all $n \in \mathbb{N}, P(n)$ is false and $Q(n)$ is false.
C Show that for some $n \in \mathbb{N}, P(n)$ is true and $Q(n)$ is false.
D Show that for some $n \in \mathbb{N}, P(n)$ is false and $Q(n)$ is false.
E None of the above.
10. What is the first step in a proof by contradiction of the claim $\forall m, n \in \mathbb{N}: 3 m+6 n \neq 10$.

A Define the predicate $P(m, n): 3 m+6 n \neq 10$ and prove the base case $P(1,1)$.
B Assume $3 m+6 n=10$ for all $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$.
C Assume $3 m+6 n \neq 10$ for some $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$.
D Assume $3 m+6 n=10$ for some $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$.
E None of the above.
11. You decided to prove the claim $n^{2} \leq 2^{n}$ for all $n \geq 4$. Which method of proof would you use?

A Find a single value $n_{*} \in \mathbb{N}$ for which $n_{*}^{2}>2^{n_{*}}$.
B Show that the formula $n^{2} \leq 2^{n}$ is true for $n=1$ up to $n=1000$.
C Proof by induction.
D Contraposition proof.
E Direct proof.
12. You decided to disprove the claim $n^{2} \leq 2^{n}$ for all $n \geq 1$. Which method of proof would you use?

A Find a single value $n_{*} \in \mathbb{N}$ for which $n_{*}^{2}>2^{n_{*}}$.
B Show that the formula $n^{2} \leq 2^{n}$ is true for $n=1$ up to $n=1000$.
C Proof by induction.
D Contraposition proof.
E Direct proof.
13. How do you prove, by induction, the claim " 5 divides $11^{n}-6$ " for all $n \geq 5$ ?

A Show 5 divides $11^{5}-6$.
B Show 5 divides $11^{5}-6,11^{6}-6,11^{7}-6$ all the way up to $11^{1,000,000}-6$.
C Show, for $n \geq 5$, if 5 divides $11^{n}-6$ then 5 divides $11^{n+1}-6$.
D Show 5 divides $11^{5}-6$. And, show, for $n \geq 5$, if 5 divides $11^{n}-6$ then 5 divides $11^{n+1}-6$.
E None of the above.
14. You wish to prove $n^{4} \leq 2^{n}$ for $n \geq 16$. You showed that $n^{4} \leq 2^{n} \rightarrow(n+3)^{4} \leq 2^{n+3}$ for $n \geq 16$. What base cases do you need to prove to complete the proof?

A $n=1$.
B $n=16$.
C $n=1$ and $n=2$.
D $n=16$ and $n=17$.
E None of the above.
15. Define the predicate $P(n):(2 n-1)^{2}+4$ is prime. For which $n$ is $P(n)$ true?

A $n \geq 1$.
B $n \geq 2$.
C $n \geq 3$.
D $n \geq 4$.
E None of the above.
16. Define the sum $S(n)=\frac{1}{1 \times 2}+\frac{1}{2 \times 3}+\frac{1}{3 \times 4}+\cdots+\frac{1}{(n-1) \times n}$ for $n \geq 2$. What is $S(100)$ ?

A 0.1 .
B 0.01.
(C) 0.9 .

D 0.99 .
E None of the above.
17. $f(1)=1, f(2)=2$, and $f(n)=f(n-2)+2$ for $n>2$. What is $f(100)$ ?

A It cannot be computed because the recursion does not have enough base cases.
(B) 50 .
(C) 100 .

D 200.
E None of the above.
18. Define $\mathcal{A}$ recursively: (i) $1 \in \mathcal{A} \quad$ (ii) $x \in \mathcal{A} \rightarrow x+4 \in \mathcal{A} \quad$ (iii) Nothing else is in $\mathcal{A}$. Which is true?

A Every number in $\mathcal{A}$ is even.
B Every even number is in $\mathcal{A}$.
(C) Every number in $\mathcal{A}$ is odd.

D Every odd number is in $\mathcal{A}$.
E None of the above.
19. A rooted binary tree (RBT) has 8 vertices. How many links does it have?

A 6 .
(B) 7.

C 8 .
(D) 9 .

E None of the above.
20. There are 5 distinct rooted binary trees (RBT) with 3 vertices. How many have 4 vertices?

| A | 12. |
| :--- | :--- |

(B) 13 .
(C) 14 .

D 15 .
E None of the above.

## SCRATCH

