Homework 2
Posted Monday February 3, Due Thursday February 13
50 points

1. Eclipse, Git, Soot and Starter Code

Download and install Eclipse. I will be using essentially the same infrastructure we have been using in Principles of Software. I’m assuming you are familiar with Eclipse, Git, and Submitty; there are minimal instructions on those tools.

Clone your hw02 Git repository in Eclipse:

(1) Go to File → Import.
(2) Select Git → Projects from Git.
(3) Select Clone URI and click Next.
(4) Enter URI: https://submitty.cs.rpi.edu/git/s20/csci4450/hw02/YourRCSID. Your-RCSID is your RPI email id, e.g., milana5, NOT YOUR RIN.

Note: There have been reports that the Eclipse Git plugin isn’t working on some MacOS systems after Submitty migrated to TLS 1.3. If this is the case for you, you will need to interface with Git through the command line rather than through Eclipse.

If Clone URI does not work, clone the above repo from the command line and into a local directory, e.g., /Users/milanova/git/milanova5_hw2. Instead of selecting "Clone URI", select "Existing local repository" and select your repository. Go to step 8 to start creating your Java project.

(5) Enter your RCSID and password then click Next.
(6) In the Branch Selection dialog, click Next. (master should be selected)
(7) In the Local Destination dialog, select a target directory for the local Git repo (e.g., /Users/milanova/git/milanova5_hw2), then click Next.

Important: Remember the target directory! You will need to type it in when creating the Eclipse Java project.

(8) In the dialog that appears, select "Import using the New Project wizard", then click Finish.
(9) In the New Project dialog, select Java → Java Project, then click Next. (This will start creation of a new Java project.)

(10) In Project Name, type “class-analysis”, unselect "Use Default Location" then in Location, enter the target directory where the local Git repo resides (in our example, /Users/milanova/git/milanova5_hw2), then click Finish. At this point, you should see a project named “class-analysis” [target_directory master] with subdirectory src. In directory src you should see packages analysis and analysis.RTA. These packages should remain under the Build path. However, subdirectory programs should not be under the build path. Select all src/programs/pN, then right click then Build Path → Remove.

(11) At this point, packages analysis and analysis.RTA show a bunch of errors because they are missing Soot libraries. Download the Soot jar from the course web page: www.cs.rpi.edu/~milanova/csci4450/soot-develop.jar. Then add it to the build path for your class analysis project: right click on class-analysis, then Build Path → Add External Archives... then select soot-develop.jar.
(12) Lastly, include JUnit to get rid of the JUnit errors: Right-click on project class-analysis, then Build Path → Add Libraries... → JUnit (JUnit 4) → Finish. At this point, you should be able to run that one JUnit test: right-click on RTATests.java, then select Run As → JUnit Test.

IMPORTANT: Make sure that your directory structure is correct. If not, compilation on Submitty will fail. You must have project class-analysis with subdirectory src. Directory src must have subdirectory analysis and programs. In Project Explorer you should see packages analysis and analysis.RTA which are under the build path, and directory programs which contains the toy Java programs we’ll analyze for a start. Directory programs should not be under the build path.

2. Overview of Class Analysis Framework

Starter code in package analysis builds a Java class analysis framework on top of Soot. Code in Analysis.java abstracts away Jimple into 8 kinds of statements relevant to class analysis. Since we are interested in class analysis, i.e., flow of values of reference type, we ignore all statements and expressions on primitive types. All exposed variables (essentially all, there is one caveat) are of reference type.

(1) Assignment: \( x = y \)
(2) Field read: \( x = y.f \)
(3) Field write: \( x.f = y \)
(4) Array read: \( x = y[] \)
(5) Array write: \( x[] = y \)
(6) Object allocation: \( x = \text{new} A \)
(7) Direct call: either static invoke \( x = \text{sm}(\text{args}) \) or special invoke \( x = y.m(\text{args}) \)
(8) Virtual call: \( x = y.m(\text{args}) \)

Analysis.java includes a worklist-like algorithm for solving constraints/transfer functions. Your task is to encode constraints as needed for a specific analysis then fire up the algorithm to compute the fixpoint solution. In the first assignment, HW2, you will implement Rapid Type Analysis (RTA), which requires the simplest constraints (i.e., transfer functions) and dataflow information (i.e., lattice). In HW3 you will implement XTA, a more precise and slightly more complex analysis. If you are looking for an extra challenge you can code 0-CFA or PTA, the points-to analysis, as well.

Folder programs contains 7 toy Java programs. Run the analysis on each of these and carefully examine the Jimples created by Soot. The autograder will test your analysis on these programs, as well as some other simple programs.

3. HW2

Your first task is to code Rapid Type Analysis (RTA), which we covered in class. Place your code in package analysis.RTA. Starter code for this package is already there in your repo. Study the code, as well as the rest of the framework. Places where you will be adding your code are marked as TODO: YOUR CODE HERE. (There are other TODOs scattered throughout the code; these are reminders for me to fix, eventually.)

Once analysis is done, print analysis results on the console. Your analysis.RTA.showResults should print all RTA-reachable methods, by full name in alphabetical order, followed by all
instantiated classes, also in alphabetical order. For example, the expected output from one of
the toy programs looks like this:

Reachable methods:
=== <A: int add(A)>
=== <A: void <init>()>
=== <A: void m()>
=== <A: void main(java.lang.String[])>
=== <A: void sm()>
=== <B: void <init>()>

Instantiated classes:
=== A
=== B

When you are done, push into your repository and click Submit in Submitty. I will be
running your AnalysisRTA with a slightly different driver to compare your output with the
expected output.