

Matching

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Nobel prize in Economics 2013



Alvin E. Roth



Lloyd Shapley

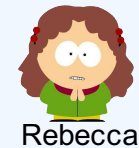
- "for the theory of stable allocations and the practice of market design."

Two-sided one-one matching

Boys



Girls



Applications: student/hospital, National Resident Matching Program

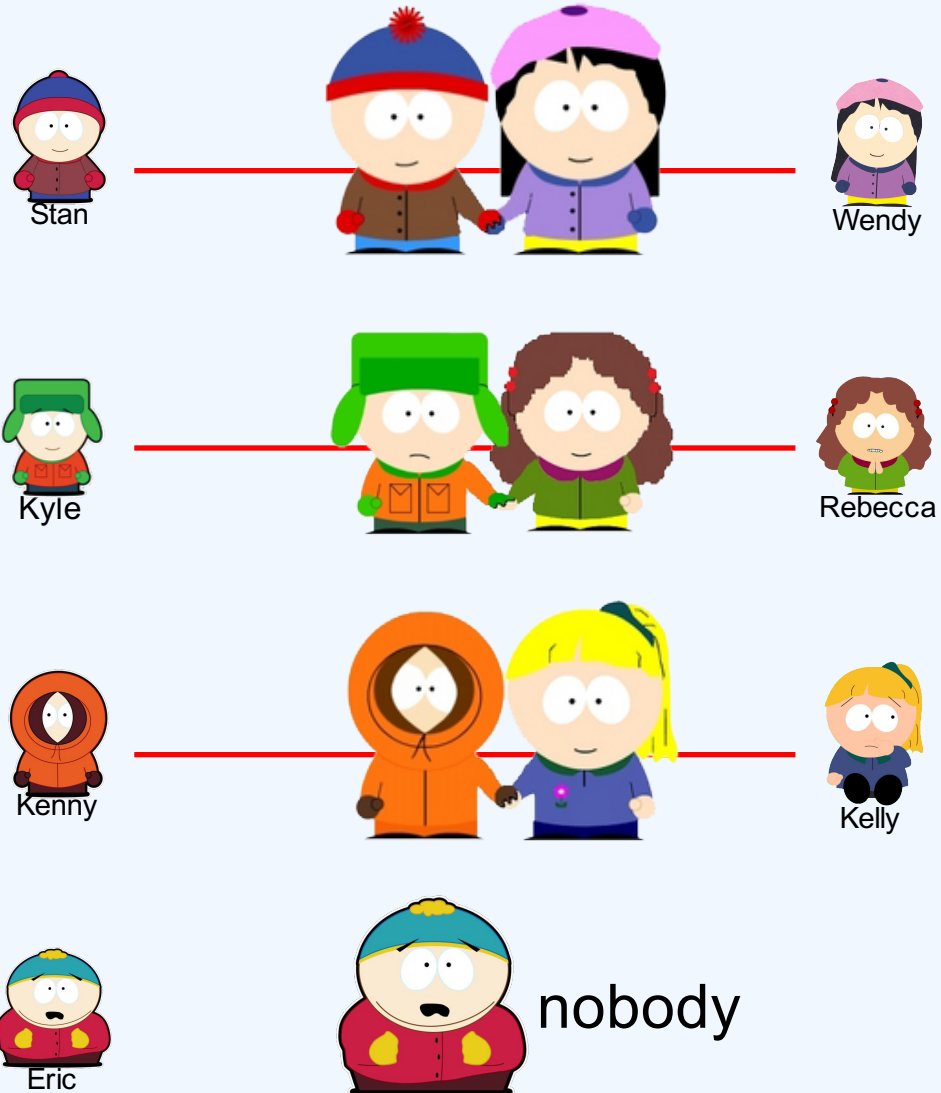
Formal setting

- Two groups: B and G
- Preferences:
 - members in B : **full ranking** over $G \cup \{\text{nobody}\}$
 - members in G : **full ranking** over $B \cup \{\text{nobody}\}$
- Outcomes: a matching $M: B \cup G \rightarrow B \cup G \cup \{\text{nobody}\}$
 - $M(B) \subseteq G \cup \{\text{nobody}\}$
 - $M(G) \subseteq B \cup \{\text{nobody}\}$
 - $[M(a)=M(b) \neq \text{nobody}] \Rightarrow [a=b]$
 - $[M(a)=b] \Rightarrow [M(b)=a]$

Example of a matching

Boys

Girls



Good matching?

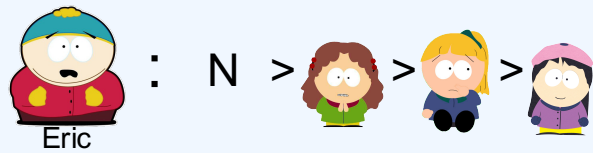
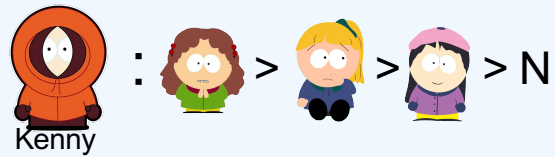
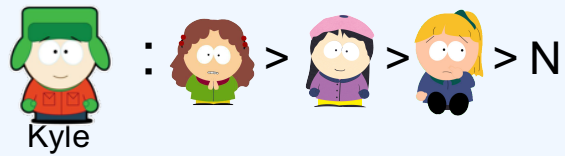
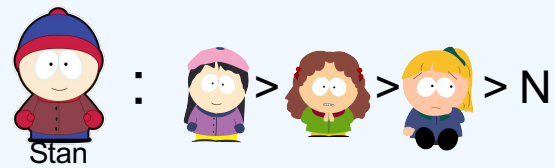
- Does a matching always exist?
 - apparently yes
- Which matching is the best?
 - utilitarian: maximizes “total satisfaction”
 - egalitarian: maximizes minimum satisfaction
 - but how to define utility?

Stable matchings

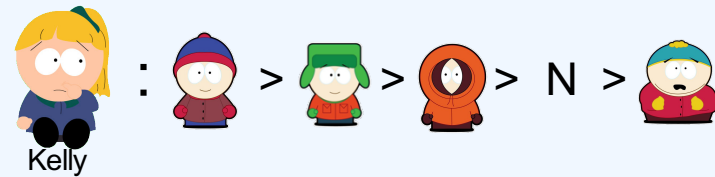
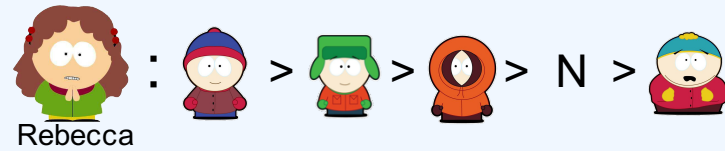
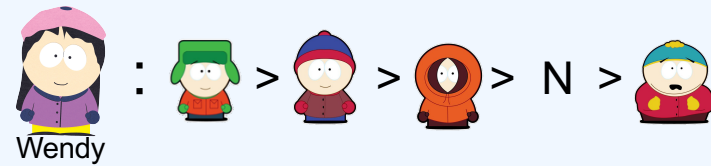
- Given a matching M , (b, g) is a **blocking pair** if
 - $g >_b M(b)$
 - $b >_g M(g)$
 - ignore the condition for nobody
- A matching is **stable**, if there is no blocking pair
 - no (boy, girl) pair wants to deviate from their currently matches

Example

Boys



Girls



A stable matching

Boys

Girls



no link = matched to "nobody"

An unstable matching

Boys

Girls



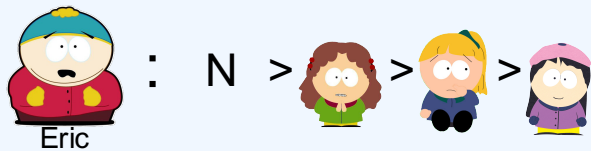
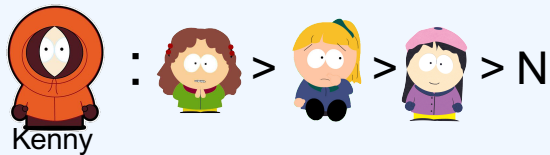
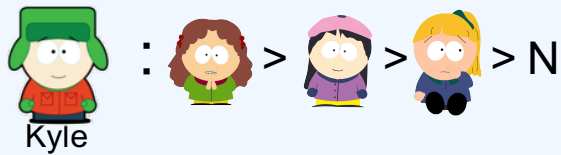
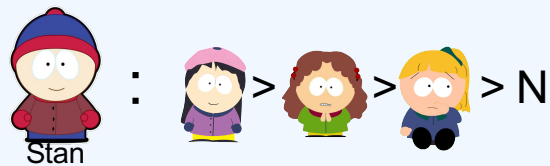
Blocking pair: ( )

Does a stable matching always exist?

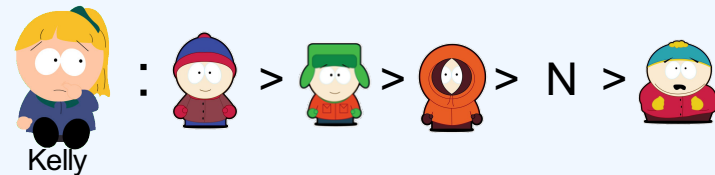
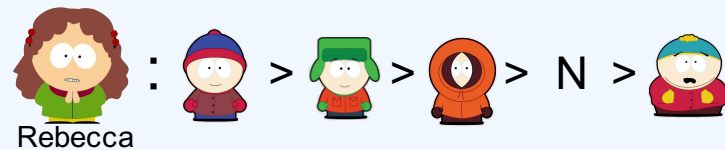
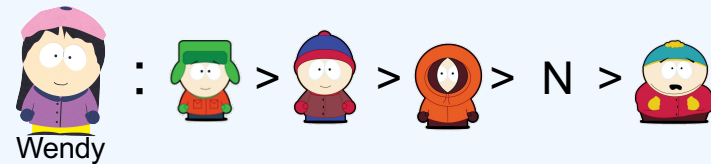
- Yes: Gale-Shapley's deferred acceptance algorithm (DA)
- Men-proposing DA: each girl starts with being matched to "nobody"
 - each boy proposes to his top-ranked girl (or "nobody") who has not rejected him before
 - each girl rejects all but her most-preferred proposal
 - until no boy can make more proposals
- In the algorithm
 - Boys are getting worse
 - Girls are getting better

Men-proposing DA (on blackboard)

Boys



Girls



Round 1

Boys

Girls



Stan



Wendy



Kyle



Rebecca



Kenny

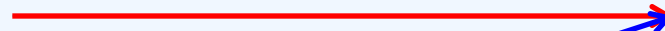
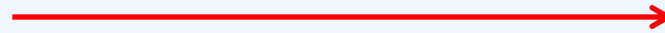


Kelly



Eric

nobody



Round 2

Boys

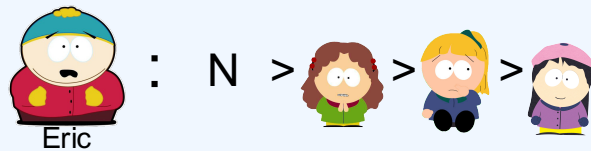
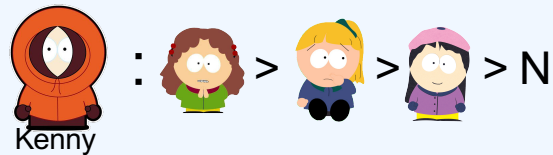
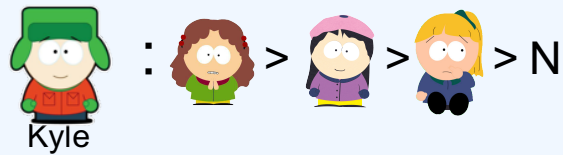
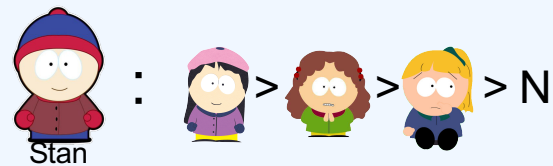
Girls



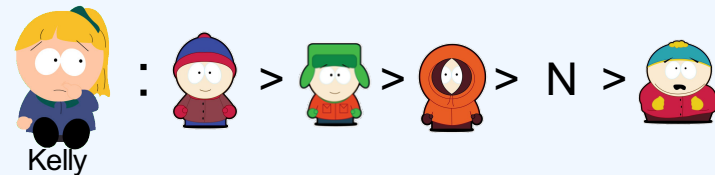
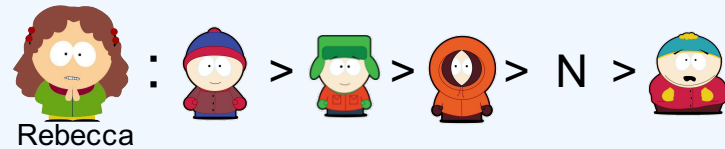
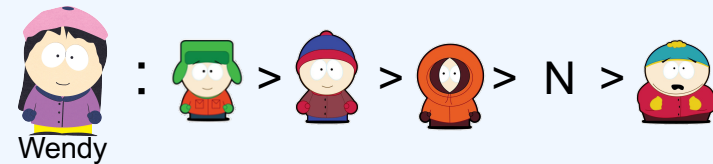
nobody

Women-proposing DA (on blackboard)

Boys



Girls



Round 1

Boys

Girls



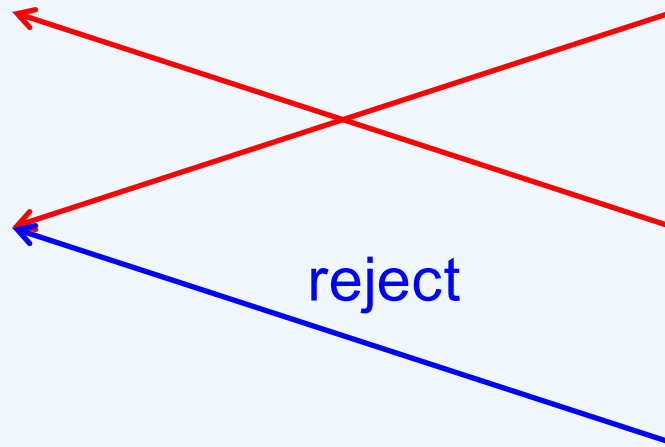
reject

nobody

Round 2

Boys

Girls



reject

nobody

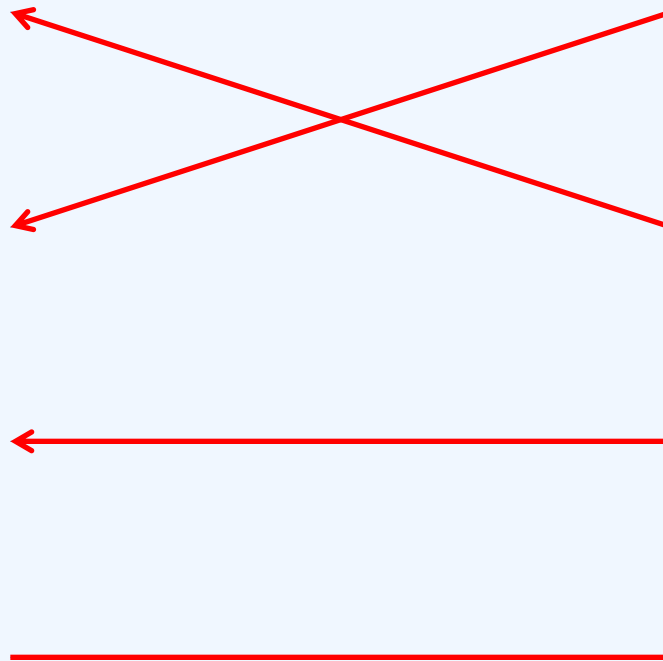
Round 3

Boys

Girls











nobody











Women-proposing DA with slightly different preferences

Boys






 :  >  >  > N






 :  >  >  > N






 :  >  >  > N

 : N >  >  > 

Girls

 :  >  >  > N > 

 :  >  >  > N > 

 :  >  >  > N > 

Round 1

Boys

Girls



reject

nobody

Round 2

Boys

Girls



reject

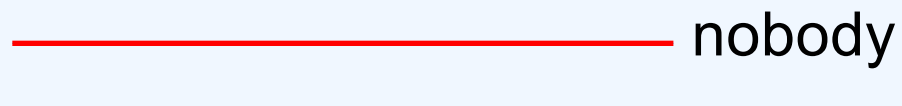
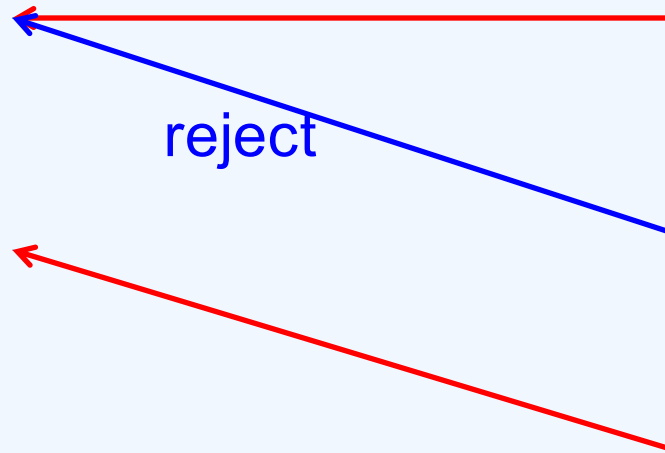


nobody

Round 3

Boys

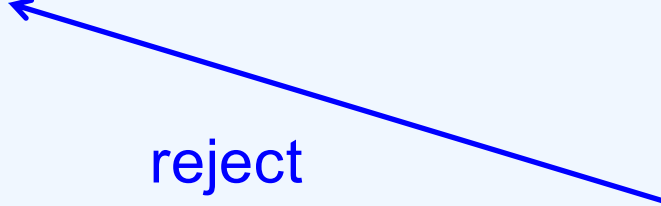
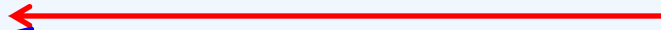
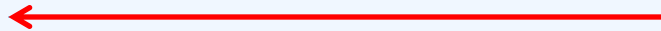
Girls



Round 4

Boys

Girls



nobody

Round 5

Boys

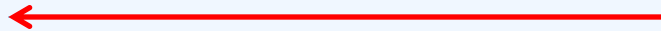
Girls



Stan



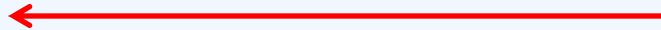
Wendy



Kyle



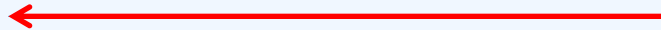
Rebecca



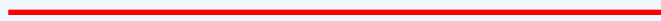
Kenny



Kelly



Eric



nobody

Properties of men-proposing DA

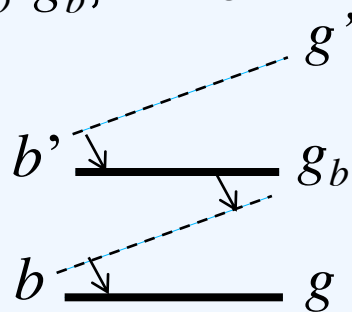
- Can be computed efficiently
- Outputs a stable matching
 - The “best” stable matching for boys, called **men-optimal** matching
 - and the worst stable matching for girls
- Strategy-proof for boys

The men-optimal matching

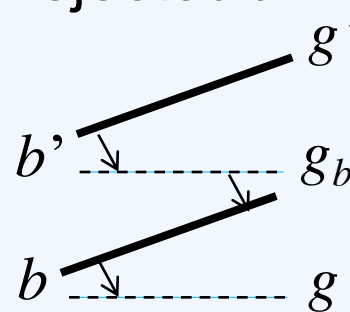
- For each boy b , let g_b denote his most favorable girl matched to him in **any** stable matching
- A matching is men-optimal if each boy b is matched to g_b
- Seems too strong, but...

Men-proposing DA is men-optimal

- **Theorem.** The output of men-proposing DA is men-optimal
- Proof: by contradiction
 - suppose b is the **first** boy not matched to $g \neq g_b$ in the execution of DA,
 - let M be an arbitrary matching where b is matched to g_b
 - Suppose b' is the boy whom g_b chose to reject b , and $M(b') = g'$
 - $g' >_{b'} g_b$, which means that g' rejected b' in a previous round



DA



M

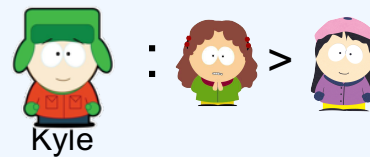
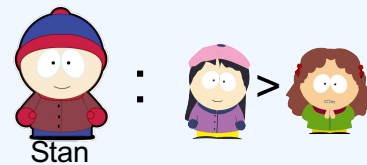
Strategy-proofness for boys

- **Theorem.** Truth-reporting is a dominant strategy for boys in men-proposing DA

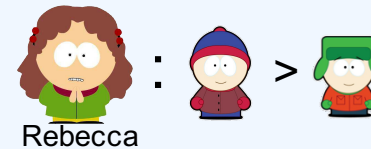
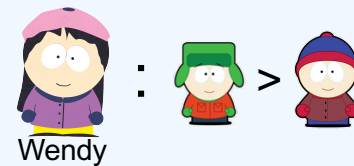
No matching mechanism is strategy-proof and stable

- Proof.

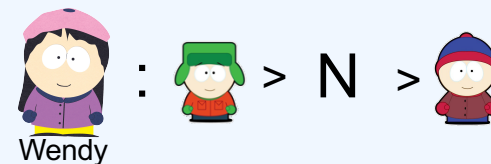
Boys



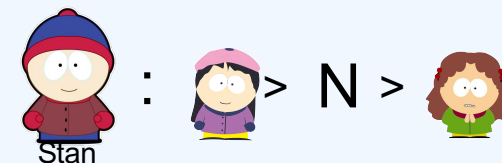
Girls



- If (S,W) and (K,R) then



- If (S,R) and (K,W) then



Recap: two-sided 1-1 matching

- Men-proposing deferred acceptance algorithm (DA)
 - outputs the men-optimal stable matching
 - runs in polynomial time
 - strategy-proof on men's side

Next class: Fair division

- Indivisible goods: one-sided 1-1 or 1-many matching (papers, apartments, etc.)
- Divisible goods: cake cutting