ASSIGNMENT 5

Homeworks are due at the beginning of class on the due date. The point value for the 6000 level is indicated in small font.

Consider the following options on a stock $S$ (in all cases $S_0$ is the initial stock price):

1. $C(S_0, K, T)$: the European Call option with strike $K$ and exercise time $T$.

2. $B(S_0, K, B, T)$: the Barrier option with payoff $K$, barrier $B$ and horizon $T$. If and when the price hits the barrier $B$ the holder may buy at $B$ and sell at $K$.

3. $A(S_0, T)$: the average strike Asian call option with expiry $T$ – a European call option with strike at the average value of the stock price over $[0,T]$.

4. $M(S_0, T)$: the minimum strike call option – a European call option with strike at the minimum price over $[0,T]$.

1 (50 (50) points) Simulating Stock Paths

Assume the initial stock price is $S_0$ and it follows real and risk neutral dynamics given by

$$\Delta S = \mu S \Delta t + \sigma S \Delta W$$
$$\Delta \tilde{S} = r \tilde{S} \Delta t + \sigma \tilde{S} \Delta \tilde{W}.$$

Write a program that takes as input $\mu$, $r$, $\sigma$, $S_0$, $T$, $\Delta t$ and simulates the stock price from time 0 to $T$ in time steps of $\Delta t$ for the risk neutral world, using each of the following modes:

(a) Binomial mode I: compute $\lambda_\pm$ from $\mu, \sigma$ assuming that $p = \frac{1}{2}$, and then computing $\tilde{p}$.

(b) Binomial mode II: compute $\lambda_\pm$ from $\mu, \sigma$ assuming that $p = \frac{2}{3}$, and then computing $\tilde{p}$.

(c) Continuous mode: using the continuous risk neutral dynamics $r, \sigma$ generate at time step $\Delta t$ as if the discrete model were taken to the limit $dt \rightarrow 0$.

For each of the three methods, give plots of representative price paths for $S_0 = 1$, $\mu = 0.07$, $r = 0.03$, $\sigma = 0.2$, $T = 2$ using $\Delta t = 0.1, 0.01, 0.0001$. 

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2 \hspace{1cm} (50 \hspace{1cm} (50) \hspace{1cm} points) \hspace{1cm} Pricing \hspace{1cm} Options \hspace{1cm} Using \hspace{1cm} Monte \hspace{1cm} Carlo

Use Monte Carlo simulation to price the 4 options. Assume that $S_0 = 1$, $\mu = 0.07$, $r = 0.03$, $\sigma = 0.2$, $T = 2$. For each case, use each of the three modes above, and compute the price using each of the three time discretizations, $\Delta t = 0.1, 0.01, 0.0001$.

In all cases, make some intelligent choice for the number of Monte Carlo samples that you need to take to get an accurate price. [Hint: first take a few samples to get an estimate of the variance of the Monte Carlo sample values.]

(a) Compute $C(1, 1, 2)$ as efficiently as you can and compare with the analytic formula.

(b) Compute $B(1, 1, 0.95, 2)$

(c) Compute $A(1, 2)$, for three possible definitions of “average”: the harmonic, arithmetic, and geometric means. Explain the relative ordering of these prices.

(d) Compute $M(1, 2)$.

3 \hspace{1cm} Bonus \hspace{1cm} - \hspace{1cm} Unspecified \hspace{1cm} Number \hspace{1cm} of \hspace{1cm} Points

The barrier and the minimum option values can be computed analytically. Can you compute them, and compare with your numerical estimates?