

Database Systems, CSCI 4380-01

Example

1 Exercise

You are given the following information and statistics. Find the expected cost of the query plan below.

$R(A,B,C,K,L,M)$ 10,000,000 tuples
 Distinct($R.A$) = 200
 Distinct($R.B$) = 5,000
 MinVal($R.B$) = 500 MaxVal($R.B$) = 10,500
 Distinct($R.C$) = 6,000
 $S(C,D,E,F,G,H)$ 100,000 tuples
 Distinct($S.D$) = 5,000

Each attribute in the given relations is 12 bytes.

A disk page and a memory block both have 8000 bytes of space for data.

Index I1 is on R(A,B,C). (Each pointer is 12 bytes)

Fill in the information below to help solve this problem:

1. How many tuples fit in a page for a relation with 2 attributes, 3 attributes and 6 attributes?

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 \text{ attr} &\rightarrow 2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ bytes} \rightarrow \left\lfloor \frac{8000}{24} \right\rfloor = 333 \text{ tuples/page} \\
 3 \text{ attr} &\rightarrow 36 \text{ bytes} \\
 6 \text{ attr} &\rightarrow 72 \text{ bytes} \quad \left\lfloor \frac{8000}{72} \right\rfloor = 222 \text{ tuples}
 \end{aligned}$$

2. How many pages are in relations R and S?

$$\frac{10\,000\,000}{111} \approx 90,000 \text{ pages}$$

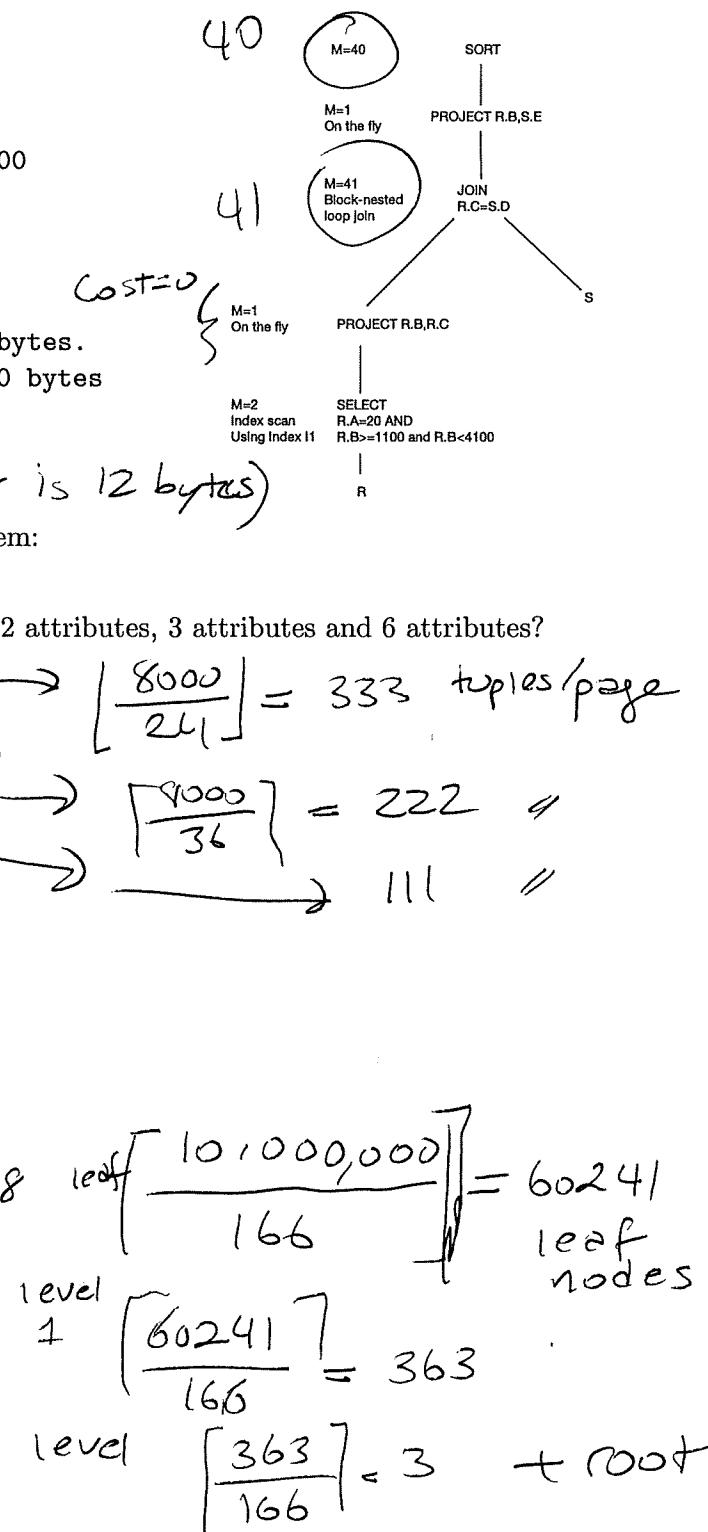
$$\frac{100,000}{111} \approx 900 \text{ pages}$$

3. How many leaf nodes and levels are in index I1?

$$\frac{8000}{48} = 166 \text{ tuples/node}$$

↑
pointer

4 level \rightarrow 60241 leaf nodes



- ✓ 4. How many tuples are expected after the selection: $\text{SELECT}_{\{\text{R.A}=20 \text{ AND } \text{R.B} \geq 1100 \text{ AND } \text{R.B} < 4100\}}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{R.A}=20 \quad \& \quad \text{R.B} \geq 1100 \text{ } \& \text{ R.B} \leq 4100 \\ \frac{1}{200} \quad * \quad \frac{3000}{10000} \\ \text{sel(c)} \end{array} \quad | \quad * \underline{1000000} = 15,000 \text{ tuples}$$

5. What is the size of relation after projection over the selection above (in terms of number of pages)?

$$\frac{15000}{333} \approx 45 \text{ pages}$$

6. What is the cost of the block nested loop join?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{COST OF READING R} = 0 \text{ [already in memory from index search]} \\ \text{READ S TWO TIMES} = 900 * 2 = 1800 \text{ pages} \end{array}$$

- ✓ 7. How many tuples are in the result of join operation (including selection)?

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{200} * \frac{3000}{10000} * \frac{1}{6000} * 10,000,000 * 100,000 = \\ \text{sel} \\ 250,000 \text{ tuples} \end{array}$$

8. What is the size of relation after projection over the join (in terms of number of pages)?

$$\frac{250,000}{333} = (750) \text{ pages}$$

9. What is the cost of the sort? ($M=40$)

$$750 \text{ (write once) } / \left\lceil \frac{750}{40} \right\rceil = 19 \text{ sorted groups}$$

$$750 \text{ (read + merge \& output)} \\ = 1500 \text{ pages}$$

10. What is the total expected cost of this query plan?

$$94 + 1,800 + 1,500 = 3,394 \text{ pages}$$

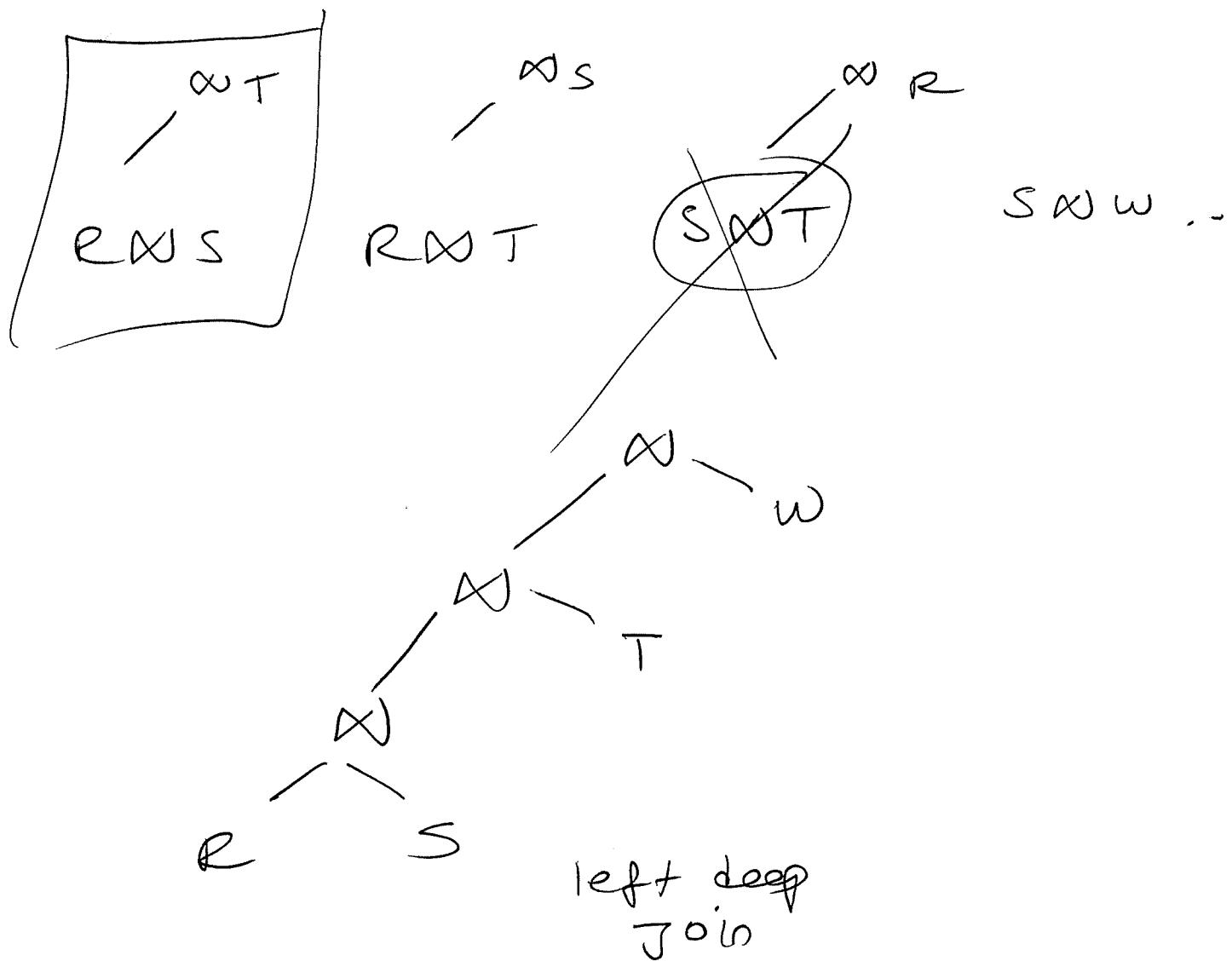
3(a). What is the cost of index scan?

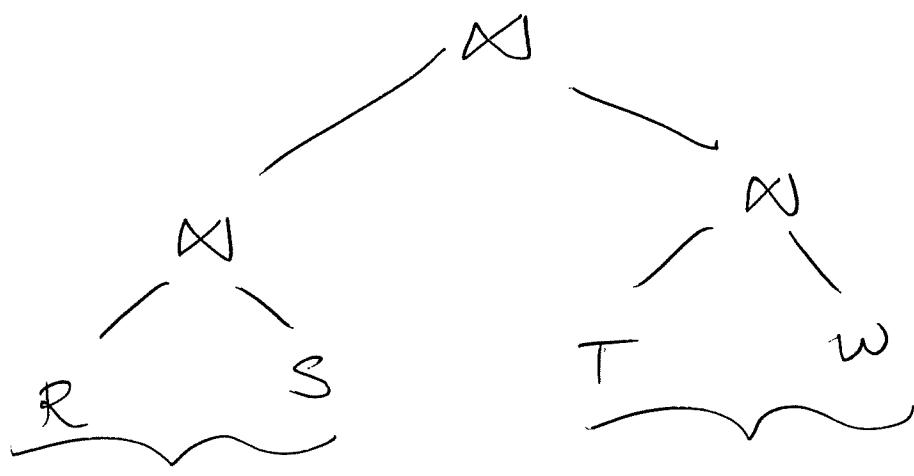
Index is 4 level
60241 leaf nodes (Scan from A/B 200/100 — 200/4100)

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Internal} \\ 3 + \left\lceil \frac{15000}{166} \right\rceil = 94 \text{ pages} \end{array}$$

Q_{opt}

$$R \bowtie S \bowtie T \propto w$$





$$x = 500$$

